

City of Fairhope, Alabama

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

PREPARED BY:
THE OFFICE OF THE CITY TREASURER

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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Sherry Sullivan Mayor

Council Members

Kevin G. Boone

Jack Burrell, ACMO

Jimmy Conyers

Corev Martin

Jay Robinson

Lisa A. Hanks, MMC City Clerk

Kimberly Creech

March 29, 2023

The Honorable Sherry Sullivan, Mayor Council President Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Fairhope, Alabama

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Fairhope, Alabama (the City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. A comprehensive framework of internal control has been established and is updated and maintained in a manner that offers assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City, on a government-wide and fund basis. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

As required by State law, an annual audit of the City's financial statements is conducted in accordance with established standards. Warren Averett, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Fairhope was incorporated in 1908 and currently services an estimated population of 23,147 and occupies approximately 12 square miles. The City is governed by a strong council-weak mayor form of government, with each official elected on an at-large basis for a four-year term, except for the current term which will be a five-year term. The five-member council is presided over by a president who is chosen by the council members and is a voting member of the council. All ordinances and resolutions of general and permanent nature are subject to the veto power of the mayor although the mayor's veto can be overridden by a two-thirds vote of the council.

The City provides a full range of services including natural gas, electricity, water and waste water services for its citizens, as well as police and fire protection, sanitation and recycling services, maintenance of streets and infrastructure, numerous parks, recreational activities for all ages, a recreation center, a museum, a welcome center, a public golf course, a senior center, indoor and outdoor swimming pools, a tennis complex, a skate park, a dog park, a marina, and sponsorship of many cultural events. The City evaluated various other entities within the vicinity of the City, which could be subject to inclusion within the City's financial statements under criteria established to define the reporting entity. The Fairhope Public Library and the Fairhope Airport Authority are discretely presented component units of the City and are

161 North Section Street RO. Drawer 429 Fairhope, Alabama 36533 251-928-2136 251-928-6776 Fax reported in the City's financial statements. The following entities are related entities, but do not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity: Medical Clinic Board East, the Industrial Development Board, and the Parking Authority. Additional information on the reporting entity can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1.A. beginning on page 25 of this report).

Budgetary Control

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Annually, the Mayor prepares a proposed budget and submits the proposal to the City Council for consideration. The Council adopts an initial budget for each fiscal year, which serves as the City's guide to financial planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level and revisions to budgeted amounts that alter the total expenditures of any fund, or transfer of funds between departments, must be approved by the Council. Departmental capital purchases included in the budget are subject to further justification and approval by the Council prior to starting the requisition process. Except for capital project appropriations that generally span multiple years, budgets for all funds lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Local Economy

As one of the fastest growing Cities by population in Baldwin County and in the State of Alabama, the City continued to show economic growth during the year with unprecedented residential and commercial development. Fairhope enjoys a strong sense of community ownership and responsibility among City officials and local citizens, resulting in active community participation and involvement in all current City projects and issues. Clean industry within the City supports growing health services and higher education.

The City continues to benefit from corporate growth in both Baldwin and Mobile counties. Unprecedented residential development has brought young professional families and related retirees to our community because of our proximity to good paying jobs. Our excellent school system and our growing medical facilities makes Fairhope a desirable place to live for both these demographics.

Median household income within the City is significantly higher than for the State as a whole. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, as of 2021, the City's median family income was \$83,258 (up from \$75,197 in 2019), while the State median family income was \$54,943 (up from \$50,536 in 2019). According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the City's owner-occupied housing unit's rate was 83.0%.

Fairhope's economy is heavily sustained by local businesses and entrepreneurship in industries such as aerospace, agricultural technology, medical equipment, and financial services. Over 62% of all businesses in the City have between 1-4 employees. To further support the health of these businesses and the creatives who lead them, the City launched an entrepreneurship program with the University of Alabama and the Baldwin County Economic Development Alliance called Hatch. This initiative provides resident technology entrepreneurs with expertise and coaching, as well as, planning and funding advice for their companies and ideas.

For the third straight year, EMSI ranked Baldwin County as ALABAMA'S LEADER FOR WORKFORCE TALENT ATTRACTION. As a nearby neighbor of Mobile County, Fairhope gains strong economic stability from the companies that continue to locate and expand operations with Airbus FAL, Austal USA, Walmart Distribution Center, Amazon, and Port of Mobile facilities.

Regional aviation and aerospace employment opportunities are numerous with Continental Motors, Inc. and Segers Aerospace located in Fairhope and eight additional companies located in Mobile. Training opportunities in aerospace and aviation are available at The Academy located at the Fairhope Airport. Through a partnership with the Baldwin County Public School System and the Fairhope Airport Authority, Coastal Alabama Community College offers high school students in Baldwin County and college students programs in Aviation, Industrial Maintenance, Electrical and Instrumentation, and Welding.

Baldwin County is the State of Alabama's leader for per capita lodging and real property tax revenue, as well as the leader in overall per capita tax revenue. The county's status as Alabama's leading per capital revenue generator is largely attributable to Baldwin County's estimated 8 million annual visitors and significant real estate valuations at the county's beaches.

Over the past year, Fairhope has been named the third fastest growing City in the state of Alabama, based on vintage population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau, From 2020 to 2021 the City saw a growth rate of 3.6%, with a growth rate of 51.03% since 2010. Additionally, Baldwin County as a whole has been listed as the Alabama county expected to see the most growth by 2040. The City is projected to grow 65.1% by 2040. In 2022, Fairhope was named one of the best places to live in Alabama by NICHE. The City ranked 11th on a list of 25 cities. This ranking considers several key factors, including the quality of local schools, crime rates, housing trends, employment statistics and access to amenities. WorldAtlas also featured Fairhope as one of nine charming small towns in Alabama. Country Living lists Fairhope in their article of 30 Cutest Seaside Towns in the South. It is acknowledgments such as these that will continue to bring in tourists, regular visitors, and new residents.

Due to its strong and healthy local economy, the City has maintained a credit rating of AA+ from Standard & Poor's (S&P) since 2014. The rating was credited by S&P to the City's strong management with good financial practices, budgetary flexibility, strong liquidity, very favorable debt to governmental funds revenue ratio, and Fairhope's strong local economy and per capita market value.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the General Fund at year end was \$19,122,817 which represents 48.8% of total general fund revenues. The Council has committed, by City Ordinance, \$7 million in the General Fund for use in times of emergency. This committed amount is periodically reviewed to ensure the City maintains the financial resources to endure periods of economic stress.

The Mayor, City Council, and City department heads continue to strive to adhere to the City's established goals in planning for continuing growth, and in maintaining the quality of life and the highest level of governmental services to all residents in the City.

The Mayor, Council, and staff are committed to the betterment of the City for the residents and the visitors. They have worked tirelessly to obtain grants for several projects around the City. Below is list of major grant projects:

- Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act (GOMESA) funding for North Triangle Nature Park \$999,989.
- Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Spill Impact Program (Restore) funding for Community based comprehensive land use plan project \$650,000.
- Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Spill Impact Program (Restore) funding for Working Waterfront and Green Space project \$6,386,000
- Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council Spill Impact Program (Restore) funding for Sewer Upgrades \$13,500,000.
- United States Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration (EDA) for renovation of the existing K1 Center Building \$2,500,000.
- Alabama Department of Transportation Rehabilitation and Improvement Program (ATRIP-II) funding for construction of dedicated left and right turn lanes on Volanta Avenue \$1,220,000.
- Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA) funding for Electric Vehicles Infrastructure Program \$148,626.
- Alabama Department of Transportation (FTA) funding for transit shelter \$907,000.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of Fairhope strives to maintain an up-to-date set of comprehensive financial policies. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements are closely analyzed to determine any impact to the City's financial reporting requirements and proactive steps are taken to ensure implementation guidelines are followed and deadlines are met. Refer to Note 18 in the Financial Section for a summary of pending pronouncements and their effective dates.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits and the valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management. We believe the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions and the City will continue to implement policies and procedures that improve and strengthen internal controls as needed.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is an award presented annually based on a submitted financial document for each fiscal year. We believe that this presentation of the City's current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA for consideration of a Certificate of Achievement for this report.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the expertise and commitment of the staff of the Treasury Department, as well as all City Departments who practice fiscal responsibility. We would like to express our appreciation to all City staff that assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

The commitment of maintaining the highest standards of accountability in financial reporting speaks to the leadership and dedication to public service of the Mayor and City Council. Their support for a policy of financial integrity has been instrumental in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Kimberly Creech

City Treasurer City of Fairhope



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Fairhope Alabama

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

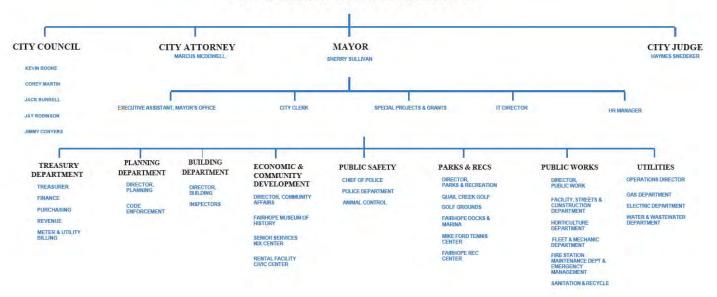
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CITIZENS OF FAIRHOPE





CITY ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Sherry Sullivan Mayor

Kevin BooneCouncilmemberJay RobinsonCouncilmemberJack Burrell, CMOCouncilmemberCorey MartinCouncilmemberJimmy ConyersCouncilmember

Lisa Hanks City Clerk

Kimberly Creech City Treasurer

Stephanie Hollinghead Police Chief

Marcus McDowell City Attorney

Honorable Haymes Snedeker City Judge

The elected and appointed officials were those in office at September 30, 2022.





Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of The City Council City of Fairhope, Alabama

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairhope, Alabama (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial statement audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 and the supplementary information on pages 65 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Montgomery, Alabama

Warren averett, LLC

March 29, 2023





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Fairhope, Alabama (the City), we present this narrative overview and analysis designed to assist readers of the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The intent of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to provide a brief, objective, and easily readable analysis of the City's financial performance for the year and its financial position at fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Readers are encouraged to read the MD&A in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Fairhope exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$223,984,064 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. An unrestricted surplus exists in the amount of \$39,908,454, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.
- The City's total net position increased by \$21,290,124, or 10.5% in comparison to the net position at the beginning of the year. Net position of governmental activities increased \$12,669,092, or 11.9% and net position of business-type activities increased \$8,621,032 or 9.0 %.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$33,251,171. This was an increase of \$8,970,705 or 36.9% from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$27,063,115, an increase of \$7,796,670 or 40.5% from the prior year. This is due to unbudgeted growth in tax revenue along with cost savings across departments.
- Sales and use tax, the City's single largest revenue source, increased \$1,963,253 or 16.7% from the prior year primarily due to economic growth over the prior year.
- In September 2022, the City entered into a note payable, to finance capital asset purchases, in the amount of \$1,946,719.
- The following schedule presents a comparison of revenues for all Governmental Funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, to fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Revenues decreased \$4,940,231 or 10.4%, as compared to the previous year. The majority of this decrease was FEMA Reimbursement for Hurricane Sally in FY2021.

ΔII	Governmental	Funds

Revenues	2022	% of Total	2021	(Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
Local taxes	\$ 23,700,359	55.55%	\$ 20,810,059	\$	2,890,300	13.89%
Licenses and permits	6,137,069	14.39%	4,544,325		1,592,744	35.05%
Fines and forfeitures	267,322	0.63%	194,677		72,645	37.32%
Intergovernmental	4,559,019	10.69%	11,205,009		(6,645,990)	-59.31%
Interest and rents	353,059	0.83%	465,462		(112,403)	-24.15%
Charges for services	4,776,552	11.20%	6,749,966		(1,973,414)	-29.24%
Golf course revenue	1,241,278	2.91%	1,272,891		(31,613)	-2.48%
Recreation department	636,242	1.49%	393,744		242,498	61.59%
Other	 983,969	2.31%	 1,958,967		(974,998)	-49.77%
	\$ 42,654,869	100.00%	\$ 47,595,100	\$	(4,940,231)	-10.38%

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements which include: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains supplementary information which may be of interest to the reader.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the financial position of the City and are similar to private-sector financial statements. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term expendable resources) with capital assets and long-term debt. Over time, increases or decreases may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities follows the statement of net position and presents information on how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement presents all underlying events, which give rise to the change in net position, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Items such as accounts payable, or vacation leave (earned, but unused) will produce changes in cash in a future fiscal period.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

Governmental activities reported in the statements include general government, public works, public safety, cultural and recreational, and debt service. The business-type activities include the Electric Fund, Natural Gas Fund, Water and Waste Water Fund, and the Sanitation Fund.

The government-wide financial statements not only include the City (the primary government), but also the legally separate component units, the Fairhope Public Library and the Fairhope Airport Authority, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the information presented for the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like most state and local governments, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal matters. All funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions as those reported under the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on events that produce near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources as well as the balances of expendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Fairhope maintains ten (10) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance of the major funds. Data from seven (7) non-major governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

The City of Fairhope adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund. The General Fund budgetary comparison schedule is provided as part of the required supplementary information on page 70.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Natural Gas Fund, Electric Fund, Water and Wastewater Fund, and Sanitation Fund which are used to account for the operations of the utilities. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its employees' medical insurance. The internal service fund is presented in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 25.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's General Fund budget. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget on page 70.

Combining and individual statements and schedules referred to earlier, which present more detailed views of nonmajor funds used in governmental and enterprise activities, can be found beginning on page 72 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as whole. The City's net position at fiscal year-end is \$223,984,064. This is a \$21,290,124 increase over last year's adjusted net position. The following table provides a summary of the City's net position.

	Governme Activitie		Busine Activ	•	Total					
	2022	2021	2022	2021		2022		2021		
Current and other assets										
(net of internal balances)	\$ 38,822,644 \$	29,089,992	\$ 40,632,698	\$ 39,206,817	\$	79,455,342	\$	68,296,809		
Internal balances	457,574	(441,797)	(457,574)	441,797		-		-		
Capital assets	 101,800,012	100,341,725	 88,503,173	79,119,256		190,303,185		179,460,981		
Total Assets	141,080,230	128,989,920	128,678,297	118,767,870		269,758,527		247,757,790		
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	63,366	70,406		63,366		70,406		
Pension related items	3,545,294	2,876,917	1,502,313	851,047		5,047,607		3,727,964		
OPEB related items	954,742	1,306,903	435,023	468,513		1,389,765		1,775,416		
Total Deferred Outflows										
of Resources	4,500,036	4,183,820	2,000,702	1,389,966		6,500,738		5,573,786		
Long-term liabilities	15,929,028	19,423,994	18,133,048	17,919,664		34,062,076		37,343,658		
Other liabilities	6,065,419	4,683,320	5,997,569	5,400,156		12,062,988		10,083,476		
Total Liabilities	21,994,447	24,107,314	24,130,617	23,319,820		46,125,064		47,427,134		
Pension related items	2,819,709	689,653	1,131,775	88,898		3,951,484		778,551		
OPEB related items	1,510,431	1,790,186	688,222	641,765		2,198,653		2,431,951		
Total Deferred Inflows										
of Resources	4,330,140	2,479,839	 1,819,997	730,663		6,150,137		3,210,502		
Net position Net Investment in Capital										
Assets	100,568,874	98,917,172	78,439,515	67,819,256		179,008,389		166,736,428		
Restricted	775,703	1,011,343	4,291,518	3,349,350		5,067,221		4,360,693		
Unrestricted	17,911,102	6,658,072	21,997,352	24,938,747		39,908,454		31,596,819		
Total Net Position	\$ 119,255,679 \$	106,586,587	\$ 104,728,385	\$ 96,107,353	\$	223,984,064	\$	202,693,940		

Total assets increased \$22,000,737 or 8.9% from the previous fiscal year. This was primarily due to an increase in capital assets of \$10,842,204. Current year additions totaled \$18,696,078 and consisted of equipment, building and street improvements, and upgrades of the utility system. Current year depreciation totaled \$7,835,428.

Total liabilities decreased \$1,302,070 or 2.7% from the previous fiscal year. This was due primarily to debt payments in the amount of \$2,389,819. In September 2022, the City entered into a note payable for equipment in the amount of \$1,946,719.

The largest portion of the City's net position (79.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, equipment, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding, excluding any unspent proceeds of the debt issued. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate theses liabilities.

An additional position of the City's net position (2.3%) represents resources that are subject to restriction as to how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The unrestricted net position for business-type activities has a balance of \$21,997,352 which is a \$2,941,395 decrease from the prior year. The decrease is due to current year operations and investment in infrastructure.

	G	overnme		Busine	ss-type vities		Total	
	2022	Henville	2021	 2022		2021	2022	2021
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services Operating Grants and	\$ 13,546	5,787 \$	13,663,268	\$ 49,108,835	\$	45,334,709	\$ 62,655,622 \$	58,997,977
contributions Capital grants and	2,014	,462	9,157,959	170,397		125,743	2,184,859	9,283,702
contributions	3,013	,322	2,408,124	-		-	3,013,322	2,408,124
General revenues								
Property taxes	7,453	,763	6,847,201	-		-	7,453,763	6,847,201
Sales taxes	13,691	,152	11,727,899	-		-	13,691,152	11,727,899
Other taxes	2,508	,516	2,192,514	-		-	2,508,516	2,192,514
Other	524	,739	1,579,187	449,538		311,221	974,277	1,890,408
Total revenues	42,752	,741	47,576,152	49,728,770		45,771,673	92,481,511	93,347,825
Expenses								
General government	8,530	,536	16,825,075	-		-	8,530,536	16,825,075
Public safety	7,992	,887	7,699,709	-		-	7,992,887	7,699,709
Public works	6,808	,105	9,536,641	-		-	6,808,105	9,536,641
Cultural and recreational	6,982	,402	6,680,606	-		-	6,982,402	6,680,606
Airport Authority	320	,000	335,000	-		-	320,000	335,000
Public Library Board	1,064	,341	1,021,772	-		-	1,064,341	1,021,772
Interest on long-term debt	10	,520	31,431	-		-	10,520	31,431
Electric		-	-	18,178,999		17,605,905	18,178,999	17,605,905
Natural gas		-	-	7,741,978		6,172,162	7,741,978	6,172,162
Water and Waste Water		-	-	10,295,634		9,813,398	10,295,634	9,813,398
Sanitation		-	-	3,265,985		-	3,265,985	-
Total expenses	31,708	,791	42,130,234	 39,482,596		33,591,465	71,191,387	75,721,699
Increase in net position								
before transfers	11,043	,950	5,445,918	10,246,174		12,180,208	21,290,124	17,626,126
Transfers in (out)	1,625	,142	1,536,517	(1,625,142)		(1,536,517)	-	-
Increase in net assets	12,669	,092	6,982,435	 8,621,032		10,643,691	 21,290,124	17,626,126
Net position - beginning	106,586	,587	99,604,152	96,107,353		85,463,662	202,693,940	185,067,814
Net position - ending	\$ 119,255	,679 \$	106,586,587	\$ 104,728,385	\$	96,107,353	\$ 223,984,064 \$	202,693,940

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities for the current year increased the City's net position by \$12,669,092. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- Sales and use tax increased by approximately \$1,963,253, or 16.7%.
- Lodging tax increased by approximately \$302,116, or 22.1%.
- Property tax increased by approximately \$606,562, or 8.9%.
- Operational grants decreased by \$7,143,497 as a result of FEMA reimbursement from Hurricane Sally in FY2021.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$8,621,032. The increase is due to current year operations as well as the growth of the City and an increase in utility customers. Business-type activities are shown comparing costs to revenues generated by related services. The Electric, Natural Gas, Water and Waste Water, and Sanitation business-type activities are self-supporting with user charges and other revenues designed to recover costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Fairhope uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in comparing the City's resources at the end of the year with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$33,251,171, of which \$19,122,817 is unassigned. The nonspendable fund balance is \$205,704 and stems from inventory and prepaid expenses. Restricted fund balance is \$775,703 and comprises funds with restrictions imposed by outside parties or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is \$13,146,947 and comprises funds with constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that is not limited for a particular use. The table below illustrates the breakdown of governmental funds for fiscal year 2022.

	All Governmental Funds													
		General		Capital Projects		merican Rescue Plan	Go	Other overnmental	Go	Total overnmental				
Total revenues	\$	39,201,650	\$	644,996	\$	147,739	\$	2,660,484	\$	42,654,869				
Total expenditures		30,767,002		2,812,389		30,566		1,506,651		35,116,608				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(637,978)		3,606,464		(113,684)		(1,422,358)		1,432,444				
Net change in fund balances		7,796,670		1,439,071		3,489		(268,525)		8,970,705				
Fund balances, beginning of year		19,266,445		1,428,575		4		3,585,442		24,280,466				
Fund balances, end of year	\$	27,063,115	\$	2,867,646	\$	3,493	\$	3,316,917	\$	33,251,171				
Percent of fund balance to expenditures		88%		102%		11%		220%		95%				

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. As of September 30, 2022, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$27,063,115, an increase of \$7,796,670. The increase in the General Fund is primarily due to increased tax revenues related to economic growth and cost savings in departments.

Total revenue of the General Fund decreased by \$5,891,609 or 13.0% in 2022 compared to the previous year. This was due to the transfer of the Sanitation operations from the General Fund to a separate Propriety fund.

Capital Project Fund

Capital Project Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure. The fund balance of the Capital Project Fund increased \$1,439,074 from the previous year. The increase is due to the City transferring \$1,000,000 from General Fund for future capital projects.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds include various special revenue funds. Anything that has a legal requirement to be accounted for separately and general grants the City received are segregated in various special revenue funds because the funds are intended for specific uses. Capital project grants are also included in other governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide the same information as in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statements, but in greater detail and on a fund basis for enterprise funds and the City's internal service fund.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Net position of the Electric Fund, Natural Gas Fund, Water and Waste Water Fund and Sanitation Fund at the end of the year was \$104,728,385. Total net position increased for enterprise funds by \$8,621.032 or 9.0% in 2022 from the previous year. Total operating revenue increased \$3,774,126 or 8.3% and total operating expenses increased \$5,901,428 or 17.6% for enterprise funds. Both increased revenue and expenditures were attributed to the Sanitation Fund.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – Internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of employee medical insurance to the individual funds. On September 30, 2022, the internal service fund reported \$1,074,783 for its net position balance.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, was \$190,303,185 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital asset investments include land, buildings, construction in progress, infrastructure, improvements other than buildings, and machinery and equipment, net of depreciation.

	Govern	ıme	ntal	Busine	ess-t	ype				
	Acti	vitie	es	Acti	viti	es	To	tal	ıl	
	2022		2021	2022		2021	2022		2021	
Land	\$ 27,743,658	\$	27,727,658	\$ 9,511,594	\$	9,511,594	\$ 37,255,252	\$	37,239,252	
Buildings and improvements	27,416,060		28,201,280	1,422,951		1,293,247	28,839,011		29,494,527	
Vehicles and equipment	4,481,750		4,916,970	4,450,932		2,851,258	8,932,682		7,768,228	
Infrastructure	37,540,427		36,937,676	-		-	37,540,427		36,937,676	
Distribution and collection systems	-		-	68,421,784		60,897,438	68,421,784		60,897,438	
Construction in progress	 4,618,117		2,558,141	 4,695,912		4,565,719	9,314,029		7,123,860	
	\$ 101,800,012	\$	100,341,725	\$ 88,503,173	\$	79,119,256	\$ 190,303,185	\$	179,460,981	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 beginning on page 38 of this report.

Long-term debt

At the fiscal year end, the City of Fairhope had \$1,231,138 of governmental debt and \$11,050,315 of business-type debt outstanding for the Utilities enterprise funds. In September 2022, the City issued the Capital Note Payable in the amount of \$1,946,719.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue. The City can issue up to twenty (20) percent of its total assessed property valuation. The City's total valuation for the current fiscal year is \$541,776,940 with a current debt limit for the City of \$108,355,388. Current debt applied to the debt limit total is \$2,681,453, leaving the City with a legal debt margin of \$105,673,935.

				Increase
	2022	2021	((Decrease)
Utility Revenue Warrants	\$ 9,600,000	\$ 11,300,000	\$	(1,700,000)
Notes Payable	2,681,453			2,681,453
	\$ 12,281,453	\$ 11,300,000	\$	981,453

See Note 7, beginning on page 40, for a detailed description of the City's total outstanding obligations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget to actual statements and schedules are provided in the financial statements for the General Fund. Columns are provided for both the original adopted budget as well as the final budget. These budgets are followed by columns for actual expenditures and for variances between the final budget and actual expenditures.

The operations of the City are a dynamic business that require strict budget control throughout the year. An adequate budget balance must be available for the particular line item for which a payment request has been submitted. If the budget balance is not adequate, the payment will be rejected. A payment will be approved after a budget adjustment for that cost center has been processed.

General Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2022, actual revenues were more than budgeted revenues by \$5,948,781 or 17.9%. Detailed variances are as follows:

• Actual taxes were more than budgeted by \$2,487,878 or 11.8%.

- Actual intergovernmental revenues were more than budgeted by \$2,105,066 or 859.2%.
- Actual interest and rents were more than budgeted by \$125,866 or 59.9%.
- Actual licenses and permits were more than budgeted by \$1,532,265 or 33.3%.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, actual total expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$1,725,838 or 5.3%. Detailed variances are in the following functions:

- General Government actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$597,116 or 7.0%.
- Public Works actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$101,877 or 2.0%.
- Public Safety actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$452,280 or 5.6%.
- Cultural and Recreational actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$204,147 or 3.2%

Economic Factors and Year 2022

The City relies on taxes (property, sales, lodging, etc.), and fee (license, permits, etc.) for their governmental activities. The analysis of a few of these taxes contained in the Statistical Section serves as good indicator of economic trends. Certain governmental activities (sanitation, recreational activities, etc.) require the user pay a related fee or charge associated with the service.

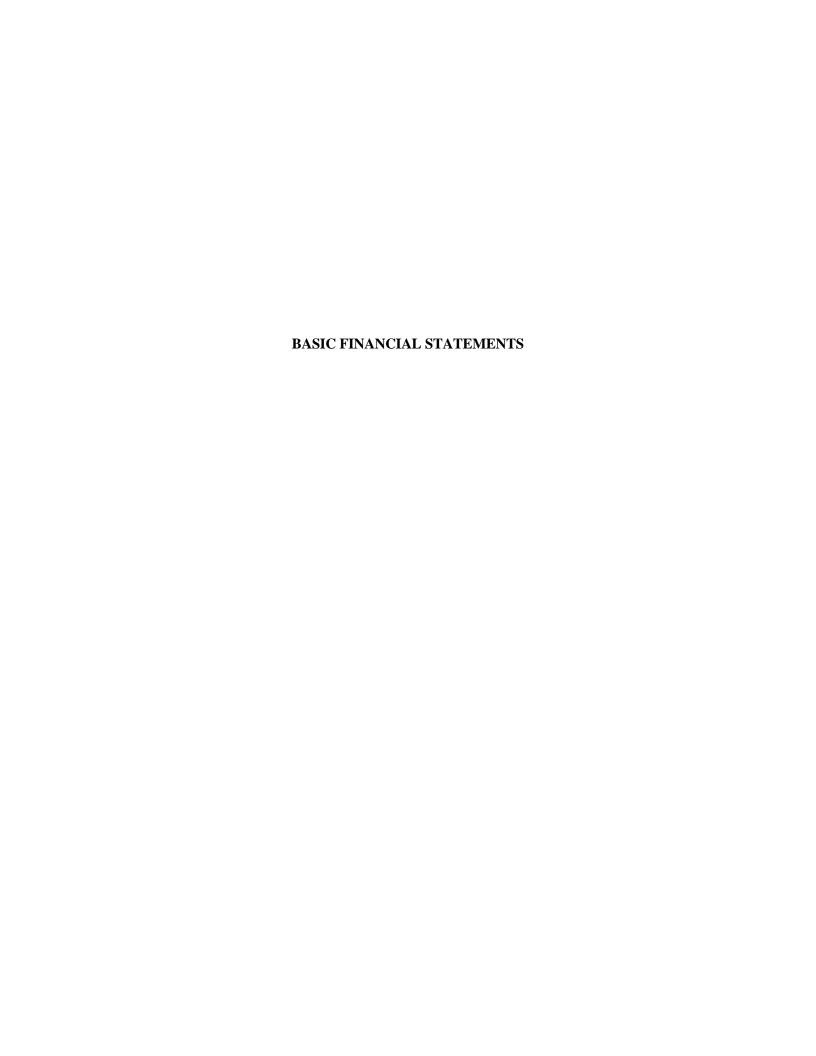
The following factors were considered in preparing the City's Budget for Fiscal Year 2023:

- The unemployment rate for the City of Fairhope for 2022 was 2.5%.
- The City's financial condition remains strong, even with the national pandemic due to reduction in expenditures and continued oversight by management and the Council.
- Property tax revenue is expected to increase 13.1% due to growth.
- Continued sales tax revenue growth in 2022 over the previous year due to steady economic growth.
- Infrastructure and growth continue to be a concern and the primary focus on Utilities investment of \$43,000,000 and resurfacing of \$533,000.
- Protecting our natural environment for the enjoyment of all investment in Parks of \$4,000,000.
- Investment in capital equipment of \$4,457,000.
- We continue to explore grant opportunities throughout the year.

On September 30, 2022, fund balance in the General Fund was \$27,063,115. The City did not appropriate any fund balance from the 2022 fund balance for spending in the 2023 fiscal year budget. The City will continue to provide services to its citizens, keep a level of essential staff to provide services to the community, and pay for one-time expenditures for capital needs from the funds appropriated in the 2023 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Fairhope's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: The Office of the Treasurer, P.O. Drawer 429, Fairhope, Alabama 36533. This report is also available online at www.fairhopeal.gov.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Governmenta	al Fund	d Types		
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Component Units
ASSETS	Φ.	25.025.647	Φ.	20 000 241	Ф	64.022.000	Φ.	070 426
Cash Restricted cash	\$	35,025,647	\$	29,908,341 4,291,518	\$	64,933,988 4,291,518	\$	879,436
Receivables, net		3,556,368		5,137,220		8,693,588		227,359
Internal balances		457,574		(457,574)		-		-
Inventories		181,818		1,243,192		1,425,010		-
Prepaid items		23,886		16,337		40,223		53,035
Other assets Capital assets not being depreciated:		34,925		36,090		71,015		-
Land		27,743,658		9,511,594		37,255,252		10,674,228
Construction in progress		4,618,117		4,695,912		9,314,029		345,608
Capital assets net of accumulated		,,		, , .		7- 7-		,
depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		27,416,060		1,422,951		28,839,011		8,787,483
Vehicles and equipment		4,481,750		4,450,932		8,932,682		84,127
Infrastructure Distribution and collection systems		37,540,427		68,421,784		37,540,427 68,421,784		-
Runways		-		00,421,704		00,421,764		16,529,226
Total assets		141,080,230		128,678,297		269,758,527		37,580,502
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		141,000,230		120,070,277		207,730,327		37,360,302
Deferred charge on refunding		_		63,366		63,366		_
Pension related items		3,545,294		1,502,313		5,047,607		118,499
OPEB related items		954,742		435,023		1,389,765		-
Total deferred outflows of								
resources		4,500,036		2,000,702		6,500,738		118,499
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	\$	145,580,266	\$	130,678,999	\$	276,259,265	\$	37,699,001
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and								
accrued expenses	\$	2,574,998	\$	3,131,849	\$	5,706,847	\$	106,883
Unearned revenue Customer deposits		2,511,544		804,394		3,315,938		-
Noncurrent liabilities:		7,500		2,061,326		2,068,826		-
Due within one year		971,377		2,384,048		3,355,425		250,000
Due in more than one year:		,						,
Net pension liability		7,320,076		3,288,152		10,608,228		387,175
Postemployment benefits								
Total OPEB liability		6,817,631		3,106,420		9,924,051		
Other		1,791,321		9,354,428		11,145,749		5,970,629
Total liabilities		21,994,447		24,130,617		46,125,064		6,714,687
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2 040 500				2024 404		404 450
Pension related items OPEB related items		2,819,709 1,510,431		1,131,775		3,951,484		106,672
Service concession arrangement		1,310,431		688,222		2,198,653		-
revenue applicable to future years		_		-		-		6,411,149
Total deferred inflows of								-, , ,
resources		4,330,140		1,819,997		6,150,137		6,517,821
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		100,568,874		78,439,515		179,008,389		30,200,043
Debt service		-		3,317,436		3,317,436		-
Road maintenance		329,867		074.000		329,867		-
Capital improvements Municipal Court		442,070 273		974,082		1,416,152 273		-
American Rescue		3,493		-		3,493		-
Library improvements		-		-		-		173,485
Unrestricted		17,911,102		21,997,352		39,908,454		(5,907,035)
Total net position		119,255,679		104,728,385		223,984,064		24,466,493
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and net position	\$	145,580,266	\$	130,678,999	\$	276,259,265	\$	37,699,001

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Program Revenues							Changes in Net Position Primary Government									
						Operating		Capital											
				Charges for	(Grants and	(Grants and	(Governmental	Βι	isiness-type				Component			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions		Activities	Activities			Total		Units			
Primary Government																			
Governmental activities:																			
General government	\$	8,530,536	\$	10,827,381	\$	-	\$	62,500	\$	2,359,345	\$	-	\$	2,359,345	\$	-			
Public safety		7,992,887		-		312,643		310,880		(7,369,364)		-		(7,369,364)		-			
Public works		6,808,105		-		1,701,819		1,456,568		(3,649,718)		-		(3,649,718)		-			
Cultural and recreational		6,982,402		2,719,406		-		1,183,374		(3,079,622)		-		(3,079,622)		-			
Airport Authority		320,000		-		-		-		(320,000)		-		(320,000)		-			
Public Library Board		1,064,341		-		-		-		(1,064,341)		-		(1,064,341)		-			
Interest on long-term debt		10,520		-				-		(10,520)				(10,520)					
Total governmental activities		31,708,791		13,546,787		2,014,462		3,013,322		(13,134,220)		-		(13,134,220)		-			
Business-type activities:		_				_		_								_			
Electric		18,178,999		20,477,525		148,008		-		-		2,446,534		2,446,534		-			
Natural gas		7,741,978		10,298,544		1,863		-		-		2,558,429		2,558,429		-			
Water and Waste Water		10,295,634		15,559,401		18,911		-		-		5,282,678		5,282,678		-			
Sanitation		3,265,985		2,773,365		1,615		-		-		(491,005)		(491,005)		-			
Total business-type activities		39,482,596		49,108,835		170,397		-		-		9,796,636		9,796,636		-			
Total primary government	\$	71,191,387	\$	62,655,622	\$	2,184,859	\$	3,013,322		(13,134,220)		9,796,636		(3,337,584)		-			
Component Units	\$	1,975,334	\$	349,451	\$	1,522,976	\$	247,718								144,811			
	Gei	neral revenues:	:													_			
	F	Property taxes								7,453,763		-		7,453,763		-			
		Sales tax								13,691,152		-		13,691,152		-			
	I	iquor taxes								733,897		-		733,897		-			
	I	Lodging taxes								1,668,841		-		1,668,841		-			
	(Other taxes								105,778		-		105,778		-			
		nvestment earr	nings							219,012		368,554		587,566		-			
		Other								305,727		80,984		386,711		3,075			
	Tra	insfers								1,625,142		(1,625,142)		_		_			
		_		nues and transf	ers					25,803,312		(1,175,604)		24,627,708		3,075			
		Change in								12,669,092		8,621,032		21,290,124		147,886			
		t position - beg		ng					Ф	106,586,587	Φ.	96,107,353		202,693,940	Ф	24,318,607			
	Net	t position - end	ung						3	119,255,679	\$	104,728,385	\$	223,984,064	\$	24,466,493			

See independent auditors' report and notes to the financial statements.

FUND BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	American Rescue Plan	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	ΦΩ 4 42 ¢ 207	ф 2 7 0 с 0 7 0	Ф 1 616 711	Φ 2062.564	Ф 22 <i>с</i> 22 551
Cash	\$24,436,297	\$ 3,706,979	\$ 1,616,711	\$ 3,863,564	\$33,623,551
Receivables, net	3,143,546	5,741	-	407,081	3,556,368
Inventory	181,818	-	-	-	181,818
Prepaid items Due from other funds	23,886 1,218,939	228,349	-	-	23,886 1,447,288
Other assets	34,925	220,349	-	-	34,925
Other assets	34,923				34,923
Total assets	\$29,039,411	\$ 3,941,069	\$ 1,616,711	\$ 4,270,645	\$38,867,836
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,341,745	\$ 70,579	\$ -	\$ 297,353	\$ 1,709,677
Accrued expenditures and taxes	546,697	-	-	-	546,697
Customer deposits	7,500	-	-	-	7,500
Unearned revenue	50,216	999,989	1,499,534	-	2,549,739
Due to other funds	30,138	2,855	113,684	656,375	803,052
Total liabilities	1,976,296	1,073,423	1,613,218	953,728	5,616,665
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	23,886	_	_	_	23,886
Inventory	181,818	-	_	-	181,818
Restricted:	,				,
Road maintenance	-	-	-	329,867	329,867
Capital improvements	-	-	-	442,070	442,070
Municipal Court	-	-	-	273	273
American Rescue	-	-	3,493	-	3,493
Committed:					
Council approved emergencies	7,000,000	-	-	-	7,000,000
Construction and road maintenance	-	-	-	2,544,707	2,544,707
Debt service	699,594	-	-	-	699,594
Capital projects	35,000	2,867,646	-	-	2,902,646
Unassigned	19,122,817				19,122,817
Total fund balances	27,063,115	2,867,646	3,493	3,316,917	33,251,171
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$29,039,411	\$ 3,941,069	\$ 1,616,711	\$ 4,270,645	\$38,867,836

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balances as reported on page 15	\$ 33,251,171
Net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from fund balances for governmental activities because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in fund financial statements.	172,396,690
Depreciation is provided for the above capital assets in government-wide reporting, but is not in fund financial statements.	(70,596,678)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unearned revenue in fund financial statements.	50,216
Deferred outflows of resources are applicable to future periods, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability.	3,545,294
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB obligations.	954,742
Deferred inflows are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in fund financial statements.	
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability.	(2,819,709)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB obligations.	(1,510,431)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of	
employee medical insurance to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities	
of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	887,992
•	001,772
Long-term liabilities, including warrants, notes, capital lease obligations and OPEB obligations are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in fund financial statements: Notes payable	(1,231,138)
Net pension liability	(7,320,076)
OPEB obligations	(6,817,631)
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, not included in fund financial statements.	(3,203)
Compensated absences not expected to be paid with current resources	
as determined under Governmental Accounting Standards are not reported	(1.521.560)
in fund financial statements.	 (1,531,560)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on page 13	\$ 119,255,679

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	American Rescue Plan	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local taxes	\$23,536,708	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 163,651	\$23,700,359
Licenses and permits	6,137,069	-	-	-	6,137,069
Fines and forfeitures	267,322	=	=	=	267,322
Intergovernmental	2,350,066	641,589	144,250	1,423,114	4,559,019
Interest and rents	335,842	3,407	3,489	10,321	353,059
Charges for services	3,713,154	=	=	1,063,398	4,776,552
Golf course revenue	1,241,278	=	=	=	1,241,278
Recreation department	636,242	-	-	-	636,242
Other	983,969				983,969
Total revenues	39,201,650	644,996	147,739	2,660,484	42,654,869
EXPENDITURES					
General government	7,884,245	-	30,566	9	7,914,820
Public safety	7,577,926	=	=	-	7,577,926
Public works	5,123,533	=	=	-	5,123,533
Cultural and recreational	6,185,841	=	=	-	6,185,841
Airport Authority	320,000	-	-	-	320,000
Public Library Board	859,000	-	-	-	859,000
Debt service payments:					
Principal	300,000	=	=	389,819	689,819
Interest	-	=	=	15,238	15,238
Capital outlay	2,516,457	2,812,389		1,101,585	6,430,431
Total expenditures	30,767,002	2,812,389	30,566	1,506,651	35,116,608
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	8,434,648	(2,167,393)	117,173	1,153,833	7,538,261
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	56.550				56.550
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	56,559	=	=	=	56,559
Issuance of notes payable	496,404	2 606 464	=	405.057	496,404
Transfers in	1,540,522	3,606,464	(112 (04)	405,057	5,552,043
Transfers out	(2,731,463)		(113,684)	(1,827,415)	(4,672,562)
Total other financing	((1.100.000)	
sources (uses)	(637,978)	3,606,464	(113,684)	(1,422,358)	1,432,444
Net change in fund balances	7,796,670	1,439,071	3,489	(268,525)	8,970,705
Fund balances – beginning of year	19,266,445	1,428,575	4	3,585,442	24,280,466
FUND BALANCES – END OF YEAR	\$27,063,115	\$ 2,867,646	\$ 3,493	\$ 3,316,917	\$33,251,171

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds, page 17	\$ 8,970,705
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds because:

Capital outlay, reported as expenditures in governmental funds, is shown as capital assets in the statement of net position.

6,203,612

Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets is included in the capital assets in the statement of net position. (4,060,257)

The net effect of transactions involving the sale, disposal and transfer of capital assets is to decrease net position in the statement of net position. (18,392)

The net effect of transactions involving donations of capital assets is to increase net position in the statement of net position.

46,834

Bond and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term debt

Proceeds from issuance of note payable

(496,404)

Revenues are reported in the funds when there is an established claim to the resources and the resources are available to finance current expenditures. Revenues are reported in the statement of activities when there is an established claim with no availability criterion. The funds report revenue unavailable in prior periods as current year revenue.

(Continued)

12,872

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	\$ (204,259)
Accrued interest	4,708
Pensions	388,394
Postemployment benefit plans other than pensions	216,084
Transfer of certain items to business-type activities increase (decrease) net position in the statement of net position but do not appear in in the governmental fund because they are financial resources.	
Capital assets	(713,510)
Compensated absences	93,778
Pensions	643,949
Postemployment benefit plans other than pensions	721,444
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of employee medical insurance to the individual funds. The net income (expense)	

of certain activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental

activities.

169,715

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Business-ty	pe Activities - Enter	prise Funds		Governmental
	Electric Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Water and Waste Water Fund	Sanitation Fund	Total	Activities - Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		-				
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,168,229	\$ 12,083,882	\$ 10,487,232	\$ 168,998	\$ 29,908,341	\$ 1,402,096
Restricted cash held by fiscal agent Receivables, net	79,276 3,527,451	79,276 413,002	3,209,675 1,014,846	923,291 181,921	4,291,518 5,137,220	-
Inventories	3,327,431 463,798	520,100	259,294	181,921	1,243,192	-
Prepaid items	5,427	1,567	4,441	4,902	16,337	_
Due from other funds	4,911	24,094	625,639	30,009	684,653	129
Total current assets	11,249,092	13,121,921	15,601,127	1,309,121	41,281,261	1,402,225
Noncurrent assets:						
Other assets	12,030	12,030	12,030	_	36,090	_
Capital assets:	12,030	12,030	12,030		30,070	
Land	7,706,240	1,616,172	189,182	_	9,511,594	-
Construction in progress	2,519,203	432,453	1,744,256	-	4,695,912	-
Buildings and improvements	1,430,166	1,021,792	572,344	119,630	3,143,932	-
Vehicles and equipment	6,038,470	4,321,715	5,096,314	4,556,802	20,013,301	-
Distribution and collection systems	33,180,980	14,895,542	67,107,687	-	115,184,209	-
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,885,463)	(10,361,745)	(31,254,614)	(3,543,953)	(64,045,775)	
Total noncurrent assets	32,001,626	11,937,959	43,467,199	1,132,479	88,539,263	
Total assets	43,250,718	25,059,880	59,068,326	2,441,600	129,820,524	1,402,225
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	63,366	-	63,366	-
Pension related items	403,304	288,444	462,686	347,879	1,502,313	-
OPEB related items	92,394	80,845	146,291	115,493	435,023	_
Total deferred outflows of	405 600	260 200	672 242	462 272	2,000,702	
resources	495,698	369,289	672,343	463,372	2,000,702	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:	1 721 265	565,002	721.260	102 241	2 121 040	215 421
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,731,265	565,983	731,260	103,341	3,131,849	315,421
Unearned revenue Customer deposits	125,765 939,202	37,000 711,248	641,629 388,747	22,129	804,394 2,061,326	12,021
Warrants and notes payable	41,108	41,108	1,637,784	476,729	2,196,729	-
Compensated absences	51,033	36,863	67,947	31,476	187,319	_
Due to other funds	797,671	99,878	346,145	85,324	1,329,018	_
Total current liabilities	3,686,044	1,492,080	3,813,512	718,999	9,710,635	327,442
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	212,707	71,327	142,281	74,527	500,842	-
Warrants and notes payable	188,332	188,332	7,503,336	973,586	8,853,586	-
Net pension liability	1,114,053	639,924	902,747	631,428	3,288,152	-
Total OPEB liability	659,771	577,299	1,044,637	824,713	3,106,420	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,174,863	1,476,882	9,593,001	2,504,254	15,749,000	-
Total liabilities	5,860,907	2,968,962	13,406,513	3,223,253	25,459,635	327,442
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES						
Pension related items	228,310	201,820	388,225	313,420	1,131,775	-
OPEB related items	146,171	127,900	231,437	182,714	688,222	
Total deferred inflows of	274 401	220.720	(10,662	106 124	1 010 007	
resources	374,481	329,720	619,662	496,134	1,819,997	
NET POSITION	21.760.156	11 606 400	24 277 415	COE 455	70 420 515	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	31,760,156	11,696,489	34,377,415	605,455	78,439,515	-
Debt service	79,276	79,276	3,158,884		3,317,436	-
Capital improvements		-	50,791	923,291	974,082	-
Unrestricted	5,671,596	10,354,722	8,127,404	(2,343,161)	21,810,561	1,074,783
Total net position	\$ 37,511,028	\$ 22,130,487	\$ 45,714,494	\$ (814,415)	104,541,594	\$ 1,074,783
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of Inter	rnal Service Fund activ	vities				
related to Enterprise Funds	Ser . 100 r and detr				186,791	
					100,771	
Change in net position of business-type act	tivities				\$ 104,728,385	

See independent auditors' report and notes to the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Business-	ype A	ctivities - Enterp	orise F	unds			Governmental	
		Electric Fund		Natural Gas Fund		Water and Vaste Water Fund		Sanitation Fund		Total		Activities - Internal ervice Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		10.010.269	6	10.004.617	Ф.	14.006.000	¢.	2.759.025	¢.	46 950 720	6	4 524 942
Sales and services Other charges, sales and receipts	\$	19,910,368 567,157	\$	10,084,617 213,927	\$	14,096,809 1,462,592	\$	2,758,935 14,430	\$	46,850,729 2,258,106	\$	4,524,842
Total operating revenues		20,477,525		10,298,544		15,559,401		2,773,365		49,108,835		4,524,842
	-	20,477,323		10,296,344		13,339,401		2,773,303		49,100,033		4,324,042
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Energy purchases and		12 204 652		2.761.201		524 405		265.072		10.045.411		
cost of goods sold		13,394,653		3,761,281 942,255		524,405		365,072		18,045,411		-
Salaries		1,463,164		531,751		1,973,942		1,085,619		5,464,980		-
Depreciation		994,022		,		1,928,302		321,150		3,775,225		-
Insurance		501,113		322,927		702,112		136,788		1,662,940		-
Electric energy furnished		66.001		24.410		270 (20				271 270		
to other departments		66,231		34,419		270,620		-		371,270		-
Maintenance		442,337		373,161		1,963,799		39,440		2,818,737		- 4 220 272
Benefit payments Other operating expense		1,324,425		1,704,259		2,817,188		1,317,876		7,163,748		4,329,272
Total operating expenses	-	18,185,945		7,670,053		10,180,368		3,265,945	_	39,302,311		4,329,272
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	-	2,291,580		2,628,491		5,379,033		(492,580)		9,806,524		195,570
NONOPERATING		2,271,000		2,020,171		2,277,022		(1)2,000)		>,,000,02.		1,0,0,0
REVENUES (EXPENSES)												
Interest expense		(3,024)		(3,024)		(127,500)		_		(133,548)		_
Interest income		116,276		106,587		145,136		555		368,554		3,042
Gain on sale of capital assets		302		22,984		41,943		15,755		80,984		_
Intergovernmental revenue		148,008		1,863		18,911		1,615		170,397		_
Distribution of joint		,		-,		,		-,		,		
revenue (expense) – net		-		(75,634)		-				(75,634)		-
Total nonoperating												
revenues (expenses)		261,562		52,776		78,490		17,925		410,753		3,042
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS												
AND OTHER ITEMS		2,553,142		2,681,267		5,457,523		(474,655)		10,217,277		198,612
TRANSFERS AND OTHER ITEMS												
Capital contributions		(46,393)		31,758		(41,323)		(689,703)		(745,661)		-
Transfers in		294,762		-		113,684		683,113		1,091,559		-
Transfers out		(537,655)		(401,644)		(698,571)		(333,170)		(1,971,040)		-
Total transfers and other items	-	(289,286)		(369,886)		(626,210)		(339,760)		(1,625,142)		-
Change in net position		2,263,856		2,311,381		4,831,313		(814,415)		8,592,135		198,612
											-	
Net position – beginning of year		35,247,172		19,819,106		40,883,181				95,949,459		876,171
NET POSITION – END OF YEAR	\$	37,511,028	\$	22,130,487	\$	45,714,494	\$	(814,415)			\$	1,074,783
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of l related to Enterprise Funds	Internal Se	ervice Fund activ	rities							28,897		

related to Enterprise Funds

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ 8,621,032

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									Go	overnmental	
		Electric Fund	j	Natural Gas Fund		Water and Vaste Water Fund		Sanitation Fund		Total		Activities - Internal ervice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers	\$	20,810,394	\$	10,303,501	\$	15,963,951	\$	2,613,573	\$	49,691,419	\$	-
Receipt from interfund services provided Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to personnel for services		(15,803,148) (1,866,966)		(6,247,217) (1,091,443)		(6,178,432) (2,050,202)		(1,826,391) (884,230)		(30,055,188) (5,892,841)		4,536,863 (4,203,386)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,140,280		2,964,841		7,735,317		(97,048)		13,743,390		333,477
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Distribution of joint expense Interest income		116,276		(75,634) 106,587		145,136		555		(75,634) 368,554		3,042
Net cash provided by investing activities		116,276		30,953		145,136		555		292,920		3,042
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from notes payable Repayment of debt Interest paid Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets		(40,630) (3,197) - (3,616,810)		(40,630) (3,197) 2,975 (1,152,427)		(1,618,740) (205,371) 37,650 (6,992,233)		1,450,315 - - 15,755 (684,161)		1,450,315 (1,700,000) (211,765) 56,380 (12,445,631)		- - - -
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(3,660,637)		(1,193,279)		(8,778,694)		781,909		(12,850,701)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Change in interfund receivable Change in interfund payable Government grants Net cash payments to (from) other funds		17,587 788,079 148,008 (242,893)		(24,094) 66,943 1,863 (401,644)		(300,278) 324,716 18,911 (584,887)		(30,009) 85,324 1,615 349,943		(336,794) 1,265,062 170,397 (879,481)		(129) - - -
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related financing activities		710,781		(356,932)		(541,538)		406,873		219,184		(129)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		306,700		1,445,583		(1,439,779)		1,092,289		1,404,793		336,390
CASH – BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,940,805		10,717,575		15,136,686		-		32,795,066		1,065,706
CASH – END OF YEAR	\$	7,247,505	\$	12,163,158	\$	13,696,907	\$	1,092,289	\$	34,199,859	\$	1,402,096
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash held by fiscal agent	\$	7,168,229 79,276	\$	12,083,882 79,276	\$	10,487,232 3,209,675	\$	168,998 923,291	\$	29,908,341 4,291,518	\$	1,402,096
	\$	7,247,505	\$	12,163,158	\$	13,696,907	\$	1,092,289	\$	34,199,859	\$	1,402,096
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$	2,291,580	\$	2,628,491	\$	5,379,033	\$	(492,580)	\$	9,806,524	\$	195,570
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Proceeds from disposal of noncapital assets Change in assets and liabilities:		994,022 302		531,751 20,009		1,928,302 4,292		321,150		3,775,225 24,603		-
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventories Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Decrease (increase) in deferred outflow of resources Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in net unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		438,190 (83,818) (228) (2,609) 34,261 (190,171) 84,548 113,976 (160,839) 24,661		(26,634) (223,815) 183 (44,219) 172,189 (8,618) 20,200 157,190 (140,765) (19,047)		107,323 (45,102) (364) (107,576) 151,856 (63,170) 356,105 322,034 (254,441) (24,246)		(181,921) (4,902) (111,706) 103,341 22,129 - 290,983 (200,989) 12,225		336,958 (352,735) (5,311) (266,110) 461,647 (239,830) 460,853 884,183 (757,034) (6,407)		125,886
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(403,595) 3,140,280	\$	(102,074) 2,964,841	\$	(18,729) 7,735,317	\$	(97,048)	\$	(379,176)	\$	333,477



COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Public Library Board	Airport Authority	Total
ASSETS	Dourd	Tradionity	1000
Cash	\$ 660,546	\$ 218,890	\$ 879,436
Receivables, net	-	227,359	227,359
Prepaid items	7,169	45,866	53,035
Capital assets not being depreciated:	.,	- ,	, , , , , , ,
Land	-	10,674,228	10,674,228
Construction in progress	184,744	160,864	345,608
Capital assets net of accumulated			
depreciation:			
Buildings and improvements	-	8,787,483	8,787,483
Vehicles and equipment	48,847	35,280	84,127
Runways		16,529,226	16,529,226
Total assets	901,306	36,679,196	37,580,502
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	118,499	-	118,499
Total assets and deferred			
outflows of resources	\$ 1,019,805	\$ 36,679,196	\$ 37,699,001
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 47,551	\$ 37,332	\$ 84,883
Customer deposits	-	22,000	22,000
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	-	250,000	250,000
Due in more than one year	-	5,970,629	5,970,629
Net pension liability	387,175		387,175
Total liabilities	434,726	6,279,961	6,714,687
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	106,672	-	106,672
Service concession arrangement revenue			
applicable to future years		6,411,149	6,411,149
Total deferred inflows of resources	106,672	6,411,149	6,517,821
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	233,591	29,966,452	30,200,043
Restricted:			
Library improvements	173,485	-	173,485
Unrestricted	71,331	(5,978,366)	(5,907,035)
Total net position	478,407	23,988,086	24,466,493
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and net position	\$ 1,019,805	\$ 36,679,196	\$ 37,699,001

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Program Revenues						•	e) Revenue Net Posit			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		harges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions	 ernmental ctivities		ess-type ivities		Total
Governmental activities:												
Public Library Board	\$ 1,002,385	\$	39,495	\$	954,346	\$	-	\$ (8,544)	\$	_	\$	(8,544)
Business-type activities:												
Airport Authority	972,949		309,956		568,630		247,718	 		153,355		153,355
	\$ 1,975,334	\$	349,451	\$	1,522,976	\$	247,718	 (8,544)		153,355		144,811
	General revenu Other Total gene Chang	ral re	venues et position					(8,544)		3,075 3,075 156,430		3,075 3,075 147,886
	Net position – b	eginn	ing					486,951	23,	831,656	2	4,318,607
	Net position – e	nding						\$ 478,407	\$ 23,9	988,086	\$ 2	4,466,493





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Fairhope, Alabama (the City) was incorporated in 1908. The City operates under a Mayor – Council form of government chosen at large every four years.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to municipal governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

These financial statements present the primary government (the City) and its discretely presented component units, entities for which the government is considered financially accountable. The component units are reported in a separate column of the government-wide statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government. The discretely presented component units have a September 30 fiscal year end.

Component Units

Fairhope Public Library – The Library has its own governing body which operates the City public library and is appointed by the City Council. The City provides significantly all the annual operating financial support to the Library. The Library's other sources of revenue come from State financial assistance, gifts, bequests and user fees. The Library is reported as a governmental component unit. The Library Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Fairhope Airport Authority – The Authority operates the City Airport and has its own governing body which is appointed by the City Council. The City provides a significant portion of the annual operating funds support to the Airport. The Airport's other sources of revenue come from Hangar and Office rentals, and fuel sales. The Airport Authority is reported as a business-type component unit. The Airport Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

These financial statements do not include the following:

Bay Medical Clinic Board Industrial Board of the City of Fairhope Medical Clinic Board – East, West or North Downtown Redevelopment Authority Parking Authority

City management does not exert significant influence or control and does not guarantee any of their outstanding debts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND LEVEL

Government-wide

The basic financial statements include government-wide and fund financial statements. The reporting model focuses on the City, as a whole, and major funds. Government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental or business-type. In the statement of net position, governmental and business-type activities (a) are presented on a consolidated basis, (b) reflect full accrual accounting, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations, and (c) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Receivables and payables between activities are eliminated in the government-wide presentation through the caption "Internal Balances" on the Statement of Net Position. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The exception to this is interfund services provided and used which are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (street, police, fire, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (taxes, licenses, and permits, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses, including depreciation, by related program revenues. The program revenues must be directly associated with a function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Fund Level

The governmental fund level financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. Since governmental fund level financial statements are presented on a different basis of accounting and measurement focus than governmental activities in the government-wide presentation, a summary is presented to explain adjustments necessary to reconcile fund level statements to the government-wide presentation.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds which are each considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into broad fund categories as follows:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of City government which are not properly accounted for in another fund. All general operating revenues which are not restricted or designated as to use by outside sources are recorded in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Fund – Special revenue funds are operating funds for which the use of revenues (usually from taxes) is restricted or designated by outside sources. They are usually required by State or local laws to finance certain activities or functions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND LEVEL (CONTINUED)

Debt Service Fund – Debt service funds are used to account for the payment of interest and principal on general long-term warrants and notes not accounted for in the proprietary funds.

Capital Project Fund – Capital project funds are used to account for the financial resources used to construct or acquire major capital items (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Enterprise Funds:

The Electric Fund, Natural Gas Fund, Water and Waste Water Fund, and Sanitation Fund are Enterprise Funds, which are used to account for the operations of the utilities. City utilities are provided to residents in and around the City of Fairhope. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations which are financed or operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges and fees. Operating revenues, shown for proprietary operations, generally result from producing or providing goods and services. Operating expenses include all costs related to providing services or products. All other revenues or expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating income or expenses.

Internal Service Funds:

Accounts for the operations of the medical insurance plan provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; that is when they become both "measurable" and "available" to finance expenditures of the current period. Ad valorem and other taxes collected by an intermediary are considered "measurable" when in the hand of the intermediary collecting governments and may be recognized as revenue at that time. Expenditures, generally, are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Revenues susceptible to accrual are: lodging tax, property taxes, and federal financial assistance programs, which are measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. The City uses a 60-day availability period except for FEMA disaster recovery grants which are recognized using a 12-month availability period. Revenue which is not both measurable and available includes licenses, rents, permits and fines.

The proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes revenues when earned and expenses when incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. MAJOR FUNDS

The City reports the following major Governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- American Rescue Plan Fund

The City reports the following enterprise funds as major funds:

- Electric Fund
- Natural Gas Fund
- Water and Waste Water Fund
- Sanitation Fund

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City maintains a system in which some excess cash is placed in interest bearing accounts. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. Interest earned is allocated to each fund based upon the proportionate balances of each fund's cash in the account.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments, purchased within three months of maturity, to be cash equivalents. Investments consist of U. S. Treasury money market accounts which are presented at cost which equals fair value.

F. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of inter-fund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The Electric Fund purchases at face value, the utility receivables of the Natural Gas Fund and the Water and Waste Water Fund as well as the garbage receivable of the General Fund. Purchase is made at the time customers are billed. Customer payments for all are then deposited to the Utility Account in the Electric Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

All ad valorem taxes levied by the state, county and any municipality in Baldwin County are assessed and collected by the Revenue Commissioner of Baldwin County. The Baldwin County property tax calendar requires the Revenue Commissioner to assess and attach taxes as enforceable liens on property as of September 30, and taxes are due October 1 through December 31. Property taxes not paid by January 1 are considered as delinquent. Tax collections received by the County Revenue Commissioner are remitted to the City monthly. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, revenue is recorded based upon taxes assessed and considered available.

G. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventories are stated at cost using the average cost method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities		isiness-type Activities	Total		
Fuel Materials and supplies	\$	57,184 124,634	\$ 16,228 1,226,964	\$	73,412 1,351,598	
Totals	\$	181,818	\$ 1,243,192	\$	1,425,010	

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

The accounting treatment for capital assets depends on whether the assets are used by governmental funds or proprietary funds and fund level or government-wide reporting.

In government-wide reporting, all capital assets are reported as capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities. The City has not established a minimum capitalization threshold at this time. Depreciation is provided on all capital assets at the government-wide level.

In fund level reporting, capital assets are reported as expenditures by governmental funds, while they remain capital assets in proprietary funds. Depreciation is provided only in proprietary funds at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is allocated as an expense in the statement of activities (government-wide level) and accumulated depreciation is reflected in the statement of net position (government-wide level). Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method as follows:

Plant and distribution systems	30-40 years
Buildings	25 - 50 years
Golf course improvements	10-40 years
Vehicles and equipment	3-10 years
Infrastructure (roads, bridges, drainage)	25 - 50 years
Runways and taxiways	75 years

I. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition, the City also reports deferred outflow items related to the City's pension plan which are described further in Note 10, and deferred outflow items related to the City's postemployment benefits other than pensions which are described further in Note 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has several items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is unavailable revenue, and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In addition, the City reports deferred inflow items related to the City's pension plan which are described further in Note 10, and deferred inflow items related to the City's postemployment benefits other than pensions which are described further in Note 13. The Airport Authority reports deferred inflow items related to service concession arrangements which are described further in Note 15.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City accrues vacation earned by employees as well as other compensated absences with similar characteristics. Sick leave, which can be paid at termination; if certain conditions are met, is accrued based on the probability that a portion of the current employees will meet required criteria. A liability for sick leave to be paid at termination has been accrued based on estimated probability factors and years of service. The liability to employees who currently meet the criteria to receive sick leave pay has been accrued at 100% of the current hours sick leave earned at current pay rates. Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the Proprietary Funds. Amounts normally paid with expendable available financial resources are recorded in the General Fund when the obligation has matured.

Employees must use all vacation time annually, and the maximum accumulation of sick leave is limited to 960 hours. Accumulated sick leave is paid only upon retirement to employees with 25 years or more of service, at any age, and to employees with 10 years of service who have attained age sixty (60).

K. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City records a liability in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund type financial statements for future healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. The postemployment benefits other than pension liability at September 30, 2022 totaled \$9,924,051. The postemployment benefits other than pension liability is typically liquidated by the General Fund.

L. PENSIONS

The Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to the Plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of GASB. Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The pension liability is typically liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. NET POSITION AND EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-wide Financial Statements

Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at year end, the portion of the debt of deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources is included in the same net position as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted net position Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Unrestricted net position The net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. NET POSITION AND EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form, or for legal or contractual requirements.
- Restricted fund balance Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; (2) or the City's own laws through its enabling legislation and other provisions of its laws and regulations.
- Committed fund balance Consists of fund balances that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. The City's highest level of decision making lies with the Mayor of the City and the City Council. In order to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment, the Mayor and City Council must pass a law by formal action committing the funds, by passage of a resolution.
- Assigned fund balance Consists of fund balances that are intended to be used for specific
 purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (1) the
 governing body itself, or (2) a subordinate high-level body or official who the governing
 body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The
 Mayor and the City Council have the power to assign fund balance amounts to specific
 purposes. The governing body must vote to grant authorization of assigned fund balances
 to specific purposes.
- Unassigned fund balances All other fund balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted, committed or assigned fund balances." The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The City considers restricted fund balances to have been spent when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. Also, the City considers assigned and committed fund balances to have been spent when unassigned or unrestricted amounts are available.

O. LEASES

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. DEBT ISSUE COST

Issuance expenses on long-term debt of proprietary funds are expensed as incurred in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65. In the fund financial statements, bond discounts, premiums, and issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue. In the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Bond discounts and premiums are presented as a reduction or addition to the face amount of the bonds payable whereas issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Q. UNEARNED REVENUE

The City reports unearned revenue on its fund balance sheet. Revenues derived from street assessments are deferred and included in revenue when the receivables become available (collected). Proprietary funds defer revenue recognition when monies are collected for goods and services prior to the provision of services.

R. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through March 29, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events which require disclosure at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Although no legal requirement to establish a budget exists, the City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgets:

- (1) The City Council Budget Committee works with City Management to prepare a proposed working budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year. Line item budgets are used for administrative control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the department head/function level.
- (2) Council budget meetings are conducted to obtain manager and taxpayer input.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- (3) The budget is enacted through City Council action.
- (4) Reports are submitted to the City Council, showing approved budget and actual operations.
- (5) The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or transfer of funds between departments must be approved by the City Council.
- (6) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- (7) Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- (8) Budgetary data, if any, for capital project funds are budgeted over the life of the respective project and not on an annual basis.
- (9) All appropriations lapse at year end.

Deficit Fund Balance

Funds with deficit fund balance or net position are as follows:

		Deficit
	 I	Amount
Sanitation	\$ ò	814,415

NOTE 3 DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK

At September 30, 2022, the City had investments in U. S. Treasury money market mutual funds through its trustee agreement for debt sinking funds. The fair value was \$3,368,226. The average maturity of the portfolio was 28 days.

Investment Risk – The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State statutes authorize the City's investments. The City is authorized to invest in U.S. Government obligations and its agencies or instrumentalities, direct obligations of the state, or SEC registered mutual funds. The City has no investment policy that further limits investment choices. As of September 30, 2022, the City's mutual fund investments principal stability rating was AAAm as reported by Standard & Poor's.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISK (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – The City is a participant in the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) Program, a multiple financial institution collateral pool, administered by the State of Alabama. The program, by law, provides administration of pledged collateral coverage for all governments and agencies in the State and requires qualified financial institutions to provide collateral to the administrator adequate to secure all deposits of public funds in that financial institution. The State guarantees deposits identified as "public funds" will be adequately secured by insurance or collateral. Any collateral shortages of one financial institution are assessed to other member financial institutions.

NOTE 4 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of September 30, 2022, for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, and the discretely presented components units, including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts, are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Electric	Natural Gas
Taxes	\$ 2,828,690	\$ -	\$ 24,638	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts	42,474	3,520	455	3,441,612	458,050
Intergovernmental	1,563,763	2,221	381,988	400,162	4,657
	4,434,927	5,741	407,081	3,841,774	462,707
Less allowance for uncollectable accounts	(1,291,381)			(314,323)	(49,705)
Total receivables	\$ 3,143,546	\$ 5,741	\$ 407,081	\$ 3,527,451	\$ 413,002
	Water and Waste Water Fund	Sanitation Fund	Airport Authority	Total	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,853,328	
Accounts	1,246,695	218,628	6,968	5,418,402	
Intergovernmental	17,219	-	220,391	2,590,401	
	1,263,914	218,628	227,359	10,862,131	
Less allowance for uncollectable accounts	(249,068)	(36,707)		(1,941,184)	
Total receivables	\$ 1,014,846	\$ 181,921	\$ 227,359	\$ 8,920,947	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances are generally used to meet cash demands necessary to pay operating expenditures. The amounts reported as due to/from other funds should be repaid during the next fiscal year.

The selling price of electric energy delivered without charge by the Electric Fund to various other funds, boards, and offices of the City of Fairhope is charged to the Electric Fund's operations as electric energy furnished to other divisions of the City of Fairhope.

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2022 is shown below.

Due to/from other funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
General	Natural Gas	\$ 91,536		
	Capital Projects	2,855		
	Electric	752,165		
	Water and Waste Water	117,796		
	Sanitation	85,324		
	Nonmajor Governmental	169,263		
Capital Projects	Water and Waste Water	228,349		
Electric	Natural Gas	4,911		
Natural Gas	Electric	24,094		
Water and Waste Water	Electric	21,412		
	Natural Gas	3,431		
	American Rescue Plan	113,684		
	Nonmajor Governmental	487,112		
Sanitation	General	30,009		
Internal Service Fund	General	 129		
Total		\$ 2,132,070		

Interfund Transfers

	Transfer In							
Transfer Out	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	Electric	Water and Waste Water	Sanitation	Total	
General	\$ -	\$ 1,976,463	\$ 71,887	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 683,113	\$ 2,731,463	
American Rescue Plan	-	-	-	-	113,684	-	113,684	
Nonmajor Governmental	288,545	1,538,870	-	-	-	-	1,827,415	
Electric	537,655	-	-	-	-	-	537,655	
Natural Gas	163,132	91,131	-	147,381	_	_	401,644	
Water and Waste Water	551,190	-	-	147,381	-	-	698,571	
Sanitation			333,170				333,170	
Totals	\$ 1,540,522	\$ 3,606,464	\$ 405,057	\$ 294,762	\$ 113,684	\$ 683,113	\$ 6,643,602	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, and use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning							Ending
	Balance	Increases		Decreases		Transfers		Balance
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not subject								
to depreciation:								
Land	\$ 27,727,658	\$	16,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 27,743,658
Construction in progress	2,558,141		3,252,065		(13,954)		(1,178,135)	4,618,117
Total	30,285,799		3,268,065		(13,954)		(1,178,135)	32,361,775
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements	44,430,685		509,776		-		(119,630)	44,820,831
Vehicles and equipment	20,700,490		1,381,241		(187,333)		(3,691,140)	18,203,258
Infrastructure	74,879,994		1,091,364		-		1,039,468	 77,010,826
Total	140,011,169		2,982,381		(187,333)		(2,771,302)	140,034,915
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(16,229,405)		(1,243,524)		-		68,158	(17,404,771)
Vehicles and equipment	(15,783,520)		(1,288,652)		182,895		3,167,769	(13,721,508)
Infrastructure	(37,942,318)		(1,528,081)		-		-	(39,470,399)
Total accumulated depreciation	(69,955,243)		(4,060,257)		182,895		3,235,927	(70,596,678)
Other capital assets, net	70,055,926		(1,077,876)		(4,438)		464,625	69,438,237
Governmental capital assets, net	\$ 100,341,725	\$	2,190,189	\$	(18,392)	\$	(713,510)	\$ 101,800,012
Depreciation was charged to governmental	activities as follow	s:						
General government				\$	676,868			
Public safety					546,013			
Public works					1,761,535			
Cultural and recreational					870,500			
Library					205,341			
Total				\$	4,060,257			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning							Ending
	Balance		Increases	I	Decreases	Transfers		Balance
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$ 9,511,594	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,511,594
Construction in progress	4,565,719		3,848,359		_	(3,718,166)		4,695,912
Total	14,077,313		3,848,359		_	(3,718,166)		14,207,506
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements	2,885,335		121,053		-	137,544		3,143,932
Vehicles and equipment	14,369,964		2,108,446		(294,916)	3,829,807		20,013,301
Distribution and collection system	105,116,183		6,367,774			3,700,252		115,184,209
Total	122,371,482		8,597,273		(294,916)	7,667,603		138,341,442
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(1,592,088)		(60,735)		-	(68,158)		(1,720,981)
Vehicles and equipment	(11,518,706)		(1,170,810)		294,916	(3,167,769)		(15,562,369)
Distribution and collection system	(44,218,745)		(2,543,680)					(46,762,425)
Total accumulated depreciation	(57,329,539)		(3,775,225)		294,916	(3,235,927)		(64,045,775)
Other capital assets, net	65,041,943		4,822,048		-	4,431,676		74,295,667
Capital assets, net	\$ 79,119,256	\$	8,670,407	\$	-	\$ 713,510	\$	88,503,173
						-		-
Component Unit – Public Library								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$	184,744	\$	-	\$ -	\$	184,744
Other capital assets:								
Vehicles and equipment	546,132		7,743		-	-		553,875
Less accumulated depreciation	(487,434)		(17,594)		-	-		(505,028)
Capital assets, net	\$ 58,698	\$	174,893	\$	-	\$ -	\$	233,591
								-
Component Unit - Airport Authority								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$ 10,674,228	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	10,674,228
Construction in progress	249,497		51,742		_	(140,375)		160,864
Total	10,923,725		51,742			(140,375)		10,835,092
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements	11,741,808		700,000		-	140,375		12,582,183
Vehicles and equipment	128,485		10,860		-	-		139,345
Runways	19,387,153				_	_		19,387,153
Total	31,257,446		710,860	'	_	140,375		32,108,681
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(3,503,600)		(291,100)		-	-		(3,794,700)
Vehicles and equipment	(101,105)		(2,960)		-	-		(104,065)
Runways	(2,599,432)		(258,495)		-	-		(2,857,927)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,204,137)		(552,555)	•	-	-		(6,756,692)
Other capital assets, net	25,053,309		158,305		_	140,375		25,351,989
Capital assets, net	\$ 35,977,034	\$	210,047	\$	-	\$ -	\$	36,187,081
_		_					_	

(continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2022:

COVERNMENTAL A CENTURE	I	Beginning Balance	 Additions]	Reductions	Ending Balance	D	Amounts Oue Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Notes payable	\$	1,424,553	\$ 496,404	\$	(689,819)	\$ 1,231,138	\$	597,905
Compensated absences		1,421,080	893,414		(782,934)	1,531,560		373,472
Governmental activities long-term liabilities		2,845,633	1,389,818		(1,472,753)	2,762,698		971,377
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Direct placements		11,300,000	-		(1,700,000)	9,600,000		1,720,000
Notes payable		-	1,450,315		-	1,450,315		476,729
Compensated absences		600,790	486,779		(399,408)	688,161		187,319
Business-type activities								
long-term liabilities		11,900,790	1,937,094		(2,099,408)	 11,738,476		2,384,048
Total long-term debt	\$	14,746,423	\$ 3,326,912	\$	(3,572,161)	\$ 14,501,174	\$	3,355,425

Notes Payable – Governmental Activities

Notes payable at September 30, 2022 is comprised of the following:

Note payable with Baldwin County Board of Education dated November 25, 2019, original obligation of \$1,500,000, interest rate 0.00%, principal payments through July 1, 2024. \$ 600,000 Note payable with Iberia Bank dated September 25, 2019, original obligation of \$236,912 interest rate 2.80%, principal payments through October 15, 2022. The note is collateralized by the underlying equipment purchased. 81,317 Note payable with Iberia Bank dated February 5, 2020, original obligation of \$155,999 interest rate 2.77%, principal payments through February 1, 2023. The note is collateralized by the underlying equipment purchased. 53,417 Note payable with United Bank dated September 28, 2022, original obligation of \$496,404, interest rate 1.403%, principal payments through September 28, 2025. The note is collateralized by the underlying equipment purchased. 496,404

(continued)

1,231,138

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Notes Payable – Governmental Activities (Continued)

The following schedule illustrates debt service to maturity for the note payable at September 30, 2022:

Year Ending September 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2023 2024 2025	\$	597,905 465,449 167,784	\$	10,761 4,690 2,355	\$ 608,666 470,139 170,139
	\$	1,231,138	\$	17,806	\$ 1,248,944

Warrants from Direct Placements – Business-type Activities

The following is a summary of warrants from direct placement in proprietary funds as of September 30, 2022:

Utilities Revenue Warrants, Series 2020 dated September 30, 2020, original debt obligation of \$11,565,000, interest rate 1.28%, payable semi-annually, principal payable December 1, 2020 through December 1, 2030.

\$ 9,600,000

Revenue warrants from the proprietary funds were for the purpose of financing, or refinancing, new water tanks, new water wells, UV Sewer System, new booster pump, radio system, support tower, phone system, construction of warehouse building and mechanics shop, and extensions to the City's water and sewer lines. The revenue warrants are secured by a pledge of future utility revenues.

The City's outstanding warrants from direct placement related to business-type activities of \$9,600,000 contain a provision that in event of default, outstanding amounts become due immediately if the City is unable to make payment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Warrants from Direct Placements – Business-type Activities (Continued)

The following schedule illustrates debt service to maturity for warrants from direct placement in proprietary funds at September 30, 2022:

Year	Bı	Business-type Activities						
Ending September 30,	Principal	Direct Placements Principal Interest						
2023	\$ 1,720,000	\$ 111,872	\$ 1,831,872					
2024	1,740,000	89,728	1,829,728					
2025	1,765,000	67,296	1,832,296					
2026	1,785,000	44,576	1,829,576					
2027	505,000	29,920	534,920					
2028-2031	2,085,000	53,920	2,138,920					
	\$ 9,600,000	\$ 397,312	\$ 9,997,312					

Sinking Funds

The cash and investments in these sinking funds (bond, reserve, and replacement funds) are restricted as to their use in accordance with their respective bond indentures. Amounts in bond funds are included in current assets, while amounts in reserve funds are separately listed as restricted assets.

Note Payable – Business-type Activities

Note payable in proprietary funds at September 30, 2022 is comprised of the following:

Note payable with United Bank dated September 28, 2022, original obligation of \$1,450,315, interest rate 1.403%, principal payments through September 28, 2025. The note is collateralized by the underlying equipment purchased.

\$ 1,450,315

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Note Payable – Business-type Activities (Continued)

The following schedule illustrates debt service to maturity for the note payable in proprietary funds at September 30, 2022:

Year Ending September 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2023 2024 2025	\$	476,729 483,382 490,204	\$	20,355 13,701 6,880	\$ 497,084 497,083 497,084
	\$	1,450,315	\$	40,936	\$ 1,491,251

Bond from Direct Placements – Component Units

The following is a summary of the long-term debt of the Airport Authority as of September 30, 2022:

Airport Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2021, dated March 16, 2021, original debt obligation of \$6,695,629, interest rate 1.14%, principal payable annually through September 1, 2027. \$6,220,629

The Airport Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2021, is secured by a pledge of payments received from the City pursuant to the 2020 Funding Agreement, dated March 16, 2021. The 2021 Funding Agreement states the City shall appropriate to the Airport Authority the amount needed to satisfy the annual debt service of the Airport Improvement Refunding Bond, Series 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bond from Direct Placements – Component Units (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity of long-term debt of the Airport Authority as of September 30, 2022:

Year		Component Units					
Ending			Direct	Placements			
September 30,	F	Principal]	Interest		Total	
2023 2024 2025	\$	250,000 275,000 275,000	\$	70,915 68,065 64,930	\$	320,915 343,065 339,930	
2026 2027		275,000 5,145,629		61,795 114,185		336,795 5,259,814	
	\$	6,220,629	\$	379,890	\$	6,600,519	

The Airport Authority's outstanding bond from direct placement of \$6,220,629 contains a provision that in event of default, outstanding amounts become due immediately if the Airport Authority is unable to make payment.

NOTE 8 SALARIES – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The following is a summary of employees' salaries for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Electric Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Water and Waste Water Fund	Sanitation Fund
Total salaries Less:	\$ 1,514,803	\$ 1,089,597	\$ 2,063,445	\$ 1,085,619
Salaries capitalized for plant additions	51,639	147,342	89,503	
Salaries charged to operations	\$ 1,463,164	\$ 942,255	\$ 1,973,942	\$ 1,085,619

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City obtains coverage from commercial insurance companies and effectively manages risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There were no instances where settlements exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

Various lawsuits are pending against the City. City management believes that the potential adverse impact of these claims is mitigated by insurance and will not be material to the financial statements of the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The City receives Federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. City management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Employees' Retirement System (ERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established as of October 1, 1945, pursuant to the *Code of Alabama 1975, Title 36, Chapter 27* (Act 515 of the Legislature of 1945). The purpose of the ERS is to provide retirement allowances and other specified benefits for state employees, State Police, and, on an elective basis, to all cities, counties, towns, and quasi-public organizations. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of ERS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 13 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The *Code of Alabama 1975, Title 36, Chapter 27* grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the ERS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

The ERS Board of Control consists of 13 trustees as follows:

- 1) The Governor, ex officio.
- 2) The State Treasurer, ex officio.
- 3) The State Personnel Director, ex officio.
- 4) The State Director of Finance, ex officio.
- 5) Three vested members of ERS appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, no two of whom are from the same department of state government nor from any department of which an ex officio trustee is the head.
- 6) Six members of ERS who are elected by members from the same category of ERS for a term of four years as follows:
 - a. Two retired members with one from the ranks of retired state employees and one from the ranks of retired employees of a city, county, or a public agency each of whom is an active beneficiary of ERS.
 - b. Two vested active state employees.
 - c. Two vested active employees of an employer participating in ERS pursuant to *Code of Alabama 1975*, *Section 36-27-6*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the ERS. Benefits for ERS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. State employees who retire after age 60 (52 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Local employees who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 or 30 years of service (regardless of age), depending on the particular entity's election, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.875% for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 ERS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 (56 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.375% for each year of state police service in computing the formula method.

Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently inservice, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending September 30 are paid to the beneficiary.

Act 132 of the Legislature of 2019 allowed employers who participate in the ERS pursuant to *Code of Alabama 1975*, *Section 36-27-6* to provide Tier 1 retirement benefits to their Tier 2 members. Tier 2 members of employers adopting Act 2019-132 will contribute 7.5% of earnable compensation for regular employees and 8.5% for firefighters and law enforcement officers. A total of 590 employers adopted Act 2019-132.

The ERS serves approximately 907 local participating employers. The ERS membership includes approximately 104,510 participants. As of September 30, 2020, membership consisted of:

	ERS	City	Library
Retirements and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	29,727	118	7
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2,130	15	-
Terminated employees not entitled to a benefit	16,415	66	9
Active members	56,184	336	14
Post-DROP participants who are still in active service	54	<u> </u>	
Totals	104,510	535	30

(continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Covered members of the ERS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, covered members of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation. State Police of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. ERS local participating employers are not required by statute to increase contribution rates for their members.

Employers participating in the ERS pursuant to Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6 were not required by statue to increase covered member contribution rates but were provided the opportunity to do so through Act 2011-676. By adopting Act 2011-676 Tier 1 regular members contribution rates increased from 5% to 7.5% of earnable compensation and Tier 1 firefighters and law enforcement officers increased from 6% to 8.5% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the ERS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. Tier 2 State Police members of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. These contribution rates are the same for Tier 2 covered members of ERS local participating employers.

The ERS establishes rates based upon an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability, the preretirement death benefit, and administrative expenses of the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City's active employee contribution rate was 8.00% of covered employee payroll. The Fairhope Public Library's active employee contribution rate was 7.00% of covered employee payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022, was 9.05% of pensionable pay for Tier 1 employees, and 7.29% of pensionable pay for Tier 2 employees. The Fairhope Public Library's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022, was 12.37% of pensionable pay for Tier 1 employees, and 11.06% of pensionable pay for Tier 2 employees. These required contribution rates are based upon the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, a percent of annual pensionable payroll, and actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$1,249,119 and \$58,907 from the Fairhope Public Library for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

The City's and Fairhope Public Library's net pension liabilities were measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 rolled forward to September 30, 2021 using standard roll-forward techniques as shown in the following table:

City of Fairhope

	Expected	Actual
(a) Total pension liability for September 30, 2020	\$ 51,635,678	\$ 54,666,183
(b) Discount rate	7.70%	7.45%
(c) Entry age normal cost for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021	1,391,051	1,523,699
(d) Transfer among employers	-	176,817
(e) Actual benefit payments and refunds for October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021	(2,905,374)	2,905,374
(f) Total Pension Liability as of September 20, 2021 [(a) x (1.0745)] + (c) + (d) + [(e) x (1.03725)]	\$ 53,985,445	\$ 57,425,731
(g) Difference between expected and actual		\$ 3,440,286
(h) Less liability transferred for immediate recognition		
(i) Experience (gain)/loss		\$ 3,440,286

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Penson Liability (Continued)

Fairhope Public Library

	Expected	Actual
(a) Total pension liability for September 30, 2020	\$ 1,539,188	\$ 1,591,041
(b) Discount rate	7.70%	7.45%
(c) Entry age normal cost for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021	27,256	29,438
(d) Transfers among employers	-	-
(e) Actual benefit payments and refunds for October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021	 (77,468)	 (77,468)
(f) Total Pension Liability as of September 20, 2021 $[(a) \times (1.0745)] + (c) + (d) + [(e) \times (1.03725)]$	\$ 1,604,511	\$ 1,658,657
(g) Difference between expected and actual		\$ 54,146
(h) Less liability transferred for immediate recognition		
(i) Experience (gain)/loss		\$ 54,146

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, was determined based on the annual actuarial funding valuation report prepared as of September 30, 2020. The key actuarial assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.25% - 6.00%
Investment rate of return *	7.45%

^{*} Net of pension plan investment expense

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Below-Median Tables, projected generationally using the MP-2020 scale, which is adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019:

		Set Forward (+)	
Group	Membership Table	Set Back (-)	Adjustment to Rates
			Male: 90% ages < 65, 96% ages >= 65 Females; 96%
Non-FLC Service Retirees	General Health Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	all ages
FLC/State Police Service Retirees	Public Safety Health Below Median	Male: +1, Female: None	None
Beneficiaries	Contingent Survivor - Below Median	Male: +2, Female: +2	None
Non-FLC Service Disabled Survivors	General Disability	Male: +7, Female: +3	None
FLC/State Police Disabled Retirees	Public Safety Disability	Male: +7, Female: None	None

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2015 – September 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

		Long-term		
	Target	Expected Rate		
	Allocation	of Return *		
Fixed Income	15.0%	2.8%		
U.S. Large Stocks	32.0%	8.0%		
U.S. Mid Stocks	9.0%	10.0%		
U.S. Small Stocks	4.0%	11.0%		
International Developed Market Stocks	12.0%	9.5%		
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.0%	11.0%		
Alternatives	10.0%	9.0%		
Real Estate	10.0%	6.5%		
Cash equivalents	5.0%	1.5%		
	100.0%			

^{*}Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was the long-term rate of return, 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the ERS Board of Control. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

City of Fairhope

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	51,635,678	\$ 38,608,812	\$	13,026,866	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,391,051	-		1,391,051	
Interest		3,864,090	-		3,864,090	
Changes of assumptions		1,996,549	-		1,996,549	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		1,266,920	-		1,266,920	
Contributions – employer		-	1,342,614		(1,342,614)	
Contributions – employee		-	1,057,424		(1,057,424)	
Net investment income		-	8,537,210		(8,537,210)	
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(2,905,374)	(2,905,374)		-	
Transfers among employers		176,817	176,817		-	
Net Changes		5,790,053	8,208,691		(2,418,638)	
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	57,425,731	\$ 46,817,503	\$	10,608,228	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Fairhope Public Library

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		t Pension Liability
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$	1,539,188	\$	1,052,295	\$ 486,893
Changes for the year:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	
Service cost		27,256		-	27,256
Interest		115,535		-	115,535
Changes of assumptions		60,163		-	60,163
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		(6,017)		-	(6,017)
Contributions – employer		-		39,288	(39,288)
Contributions – employee		-		25,137	(25,137)
Net investment income		-		232,230	(232,230)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(77,468)		(77,468)	-
Transfers among employers		-		-	-
Net Changes		119,469		219,187	(99,718)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	1,658,657	\$	1,271,482	\$ 387,175

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Board's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.45%) or 1% higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	C	urrent Rate	19	% Increase
		(6.45%)		(7.45%)		(8.45%)
Net pension liability, City	\$	17,722,874	\$	10,608,228	\$	4,669,884
Net pension liability, Fairhope Public Library	\$	530,890	\$	387,175	\$	264,286

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 68 Report for the ERS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer and accompanying notes is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financialreports/gasb-68-reports/.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$518,365 while the Fairhope Public Library recognized pension expense of \$9,182. The fund in which the related payroll costs are expended will be used to liquidate the net pension liability. At September 30, 2022, the City and Fairhope Public Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, respectively, related to pensions of the following sources:

City of Fairhope

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Governmental Activities: Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,100,716	\$ 497,334
Changes of assumption	1,387,059	φ 4 <i>71</i> ,334 -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	_	2,322,375
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	1,057,519	
Governmental activities pension related items	3,545,294	2,819,709
Business-type Activities:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	501,490	73,691
Changes of assumption	631,950	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	1,058,084
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	368,873	
Business-type activities pension related items	1,502,313	1,131,775
	\$ 5,047,607	\$ 3,951,484

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2023	\$ (74,479)
2024	(135,935)
2025	(489,777)
2026	(525,194)
2027	511,177
Thereafter	383,939
	\$ (330,269)

Fairhope Public Library

	Deferred		Γ	eferred
	Ου	ıtflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,403	\$	14,261
Changes of assumption		53,051		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		-		92,411
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		53,045		
Total	\$	118,499	\$	106,672

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2023	\$ 4,861
2024	1,081
2025	(16,818)
2026	(30,342)
2027	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (41,218)

NOTE 11 COMMITMENTS

The City has various contractual commitments outstanding at year end. The commitments under these contracts totaled \$19,042,530 The commitments funded from governmental activities will be \$1,655,966 and from business-type activities will be \$17,386,564.

NOTE 12 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The plan was established by and is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama. Any plan changes are at the discretion of the administrator. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City makes no contributions to the plan.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the individuals who participate in the deferred compensation plan and are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 13 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense when a future retiree earns their post-employment benefits, rather than when they use their post-employment benefit. The total OPEB liability is recorded at the fund level for proprietary activities and the allocated amount for governmental activities is presented at the government-wide level. The annual OPEB cost is included in the line item of salaries for proprietary fund statements and is allocated by function for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered and governed solely by the City. The City has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 and a separate report was not issued for the plan.

Benefits Provided. The City provides a comprehensive medical plan to eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At September 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34
Active members	99
Totals	133

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$9,,924,051 was measured as of September 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 13 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% - 6.00%
Municipal bond index rate	
Prior measurement date	2.21%
Measurement date	2.26%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.50% by 2030

The City selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of September by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables, with adjustments for AL ERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning in year 2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the September 30, 2020 valuation were based on the actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2015 – September 30, 2020, and were submitted to and adopted by the Board of the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama on September 14, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the September 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the September 30, 2020 valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 13 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 10,633,660
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	307,242
Interest	231,803
Differences between expected	
and actual experience	(227,382)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(730,010)
Benefit payments	(291,262)
Net Changes	(709,609)
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 9,924,051

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.26%) than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease		urrent Rate	19	% Increase
		(1.26%)		(2.26%)		(3.26%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	10,616,107	\$	9,924,051	\$	9,265,478

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 13 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,961,013	\$	9,924,051	\$	11,024,891		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$291,263. The fund in which the related payroll costs are expended will be used to liquidate the total OPEB liability. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	
Governmental Activities:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 207,957	\$ 956,784	
Changes of assumption	502,979	553,647	
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	243,806		
Governmental activities OPEB related items	954,742	1,510,431	
Business-type Activities:			
Differences between expected and actual experience	94,755	435,954	
Changes of assumption	229,179	252,268	
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	111,089		
Business-type activities OPEB related items	435,023	688,222	
	\$ 1,389,765	\$ 2,198,653	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 13 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2022	\$ (774,886)
2023	(234,567)
2024	(20,496)
2025	(133,834)
2026	-
Thereafter	 _
	\$ (1,163,783)

NOTE 14 OPERATING LEASES

The City holds various leases with entities for use of City property. Most of these leases are monthly and insignificant. In addition, the City rents certain facilities to groups for events and activities on a per use basis.

NOTE 15 SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT

In fiscal year 2014, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with the Baldwin County Board of Education (BCBOE), under which the BCBOE will operate and collect tuition from the aviation training facility at the airport for the next 40 years with an automatic extension of 5 years unless written notice is received six months prior to the expiration of the initial term. BCBOE paid the City \$2,700,000 upon execution of the arrangement. The initial payment was used in the construction of the aviation training facility. The initial payment was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rental revenue will be recognized over the life of the initial term of the lease. Upon receipt, the City reported a cash balance in the construction fund of \$2,700,000 with a corresponding balance of \$2,700,000 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$2,092,500 at September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 15 SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT (CONTINUED)

In fiscal year 2015, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with a private company under which the private company leased space at the airport for the next 25 years. The private company's lease agreement with the Airport Authority requires monthly rents in the amount of \$12,750 to the Airport Authority and also required them to invest at least \$850,000 in capital improvements on the premises during the first year of the lease. The total value of the capital improvements, \$1,091,254 was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rent revenue will be recognized over the life of the term of the lease. The Airport Authority reports the capital improvements as a capital asset and it is depreciated in accordance with the Airport Authority's depreciation policy. Upon completion in fiscal year 2015, the Airport Authority reported a capital improvement in the amount of \$1,091,254 with a corresponding balance of \$1,091,254 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$742,053 at September 30, 2022.

In fiscal year 2016, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with a private company under which the private company leased space at the airport for the next 30 years. The private company's lease agreement with the Airport Authority requires monthly rents in the amount of \$6,150 to the Airport Authority and also required them to invest in capital improvements on the premises during the first 15 months of the lease. The total value of the capital improvements, \$876,000 was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rent revenue will be recognized over the life of the term of the lease. The Airport Authority reports the capital improvements as a capital asset and it is depreciated in accordance with the Airport Authority's depreciation policy. Upon completion in fiscal year 2018, the Airport Authority reported a capital improvement in the amount of \$876,000 with a corresponding balance of \$876,000 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$719,571 at September 30, 2022.

In fiscal year 2016, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with a private company under which the private company leased space at the airport for the next 30 years. The private company's lease agreement with the Airport Authority requires monthly rents in the amount of \$5,412 to the Airport Authority and also required them to invest in capital improvements on the premises during the first 18 months of the lease. The total value of the capital improvements, \$1,573,000 was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rent revenue will be recognized over the life of the term of the lease. The Airport Authority reports the capital improvements as a capital asset and it is depreciated in accordance with the Airport Authority's depreciation policy. Upon completion in fiscal year 2018, the Airport Authority reported a capital improvement in the amount of \$1,573,000 with a corresponding balance of \$1,573,000 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$1,292,107 at September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 15 SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT (CONTINUED)

In fiscal year 2020, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with a private company under which the private company leased space at the airport for the next 30 years. The private company's lease agreement with the Airport Authority requires monthly rents in the amount of \$3,362 to the Airport Authority and also required them to invest in capital improvements on the premises during the first 18 months of the lease. The total value of the capital improvements, \$450,000 was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rent revenue will be recognized over the life of the term of the lease. The Airport Authority reports the capital improvements as a capital asset and it is depreciated in accordance with the Airport Authority's depreciation policy. Upon completion in fiscal year 2020, the Airport Authority reported a capital improvement in the amount of \$450,000 with a corresponding balance of \$450,000 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$405,000 at September 30, 2022.

In fiscal year 2020, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with a private company under which the private company leased space at the airport for the next 30 years. The private company's lease agreement with the Airport Authority requires monthly rents in the amount of \$5,126 to the Airport Authority and also required them to invest in capital improvements on the premises during the first 18 months of the lease. The total value of the capital improvements, \$512,000 was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rent revenue will be recognized over the life of the lease. The Airport Authority reports the capital improvements as a capital asset and it is depreciated in accordance with the Airport Authority's depreciation policy. Upon completion in fiscal year 2021, the Airport Authority reported a capital improvement in the amount of \$512,000 with a corresponding balance of \$512,000 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$477,867 at September 30, 2022.

In fiscal year 2020, the Airport Authority entered into an agreement with a private company under which the private company leased space at the airport for the next 40 years. The private company's lease agreement with the Airport Authority requires monthly rents in the amount of \$9,613 to the Airport Authority and also required them to invest in capital improvements on the premises during the first 18 months of the lease. The total value of the capital improvements, \$700,000 was considered a deferred inflow of resources and rent revenue will be recognized over the life of the term of the lease. The Airport Authority reports the capital improvements as a capital asset and it is depreciated in accordance with the Airport Authority's depreciation policy. Upon completion in fiscal year 2022, the Airport Authority reported a capital improvement in the amount of \$700,000 with a corresponding balance of \$700,000 as a deferred inflow of resources pursuant to the service concession arrangement. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources is \$682,051 at September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 16 FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at September 30, 2022:

	Level 1			Level 2			evel 3		Total
Φ.	2 2 60 227		Φ.			Φ.		Φ.	2 2 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
\$	3,368,227		\$		-	\$	-	\$	3,368,227
							36,090		36,090
\$	3,368,227		\$		_	\$	36,090	\$	3,404,317
	\$	\$ 3,368,227	\$ 3,368,227	\$ 3,368,227 \$	\$ 3,368,227 \$	\$ 3,368,227 \$ -	\$ 3,368,227 \$ - \$ -	\$ 3,368,227 \$ - \$ - - 36,090	\$ 3,368,227

Debt securities categorized as Level 1 are based on prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities categorized as Level 2 are valued using a matrix pricing technique that values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The investment in AMIC is quoted as a Level 3 input. There is no active market for this investment but an initial investment was required to participate in AMIC. Fair value of the investment approximates cost.

NOTE 17 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVE OBLIGATIONS – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City, in conjunction with the Industrial Development Board of the City of Fairhope and Baldwin County, enters into economic development incentive agreements with entities that propose to locate businesses within the City, or expand businesses within the City, which are expected to provide stimulus to the City's economy. These agreements provide for full or partial abatement of sales, use and/or property taxes. Property taxes are abated through reductions of assessed values. Sales and use taxes are abated through exemptions granted on purchases for specified construction or equipment-purchase purposes. The agreements have limited terms, typically ad-valorem taxes are abated for ten years.

The total property tax abated for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$25,421.

The City does not collect property taxes. The Revenue Commissioner of Baldwin County is responsible for such collection.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of the City.

GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). This Statement 1) defines a SBITA; 2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; 3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and 4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in GASB 87, Leases, as amended. Requirements for this Statement will take effect for financial statements whose fiscal year begins after June 15, 2022.

GASB 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This Statement prescribes accounting and financial reporting for each category of accounting change and error corrections. Requirements for this Statement are effective for financial statements whose fiscal year begins after June 15, 2023.

GASB 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement aligns recognition and measurement guidance for all types of compensated absences under a unified model which will result in governments recognizing a liability that more appropriately reflects when they incur an obligation for compensated absences. Requirements for this Statement are effective for financial statements whose fiscal year begins after December 15, 2023.





SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

City of Fairhope

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,249,11	9 \$ 1,557,865	\$ 1,259,337	\$ 1,214,082	\$ 1,156,988	\$ 1,128,689	\$ 1,161,190	\$ 1,033,161
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,249,11	9 1,557,865	1,259,337	1,214,082	1,156,988	1,128,689	1,161,190	1,033,161
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 18,241,35	8 \$ 17,166,245	\$ 16,920,969	\$ 15,117,600	\$ 14,145,534	\$ 14,442,516	\$ 12,686,870	\$ 11,740,415
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5	% 9%	7%	8%	8%	8%	9%	9%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Contributions for fiscal year 2022 were based on the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Entry Age
Level percent closed
24.4 years
Five year smoothed fair value
2.75%
3.25% – 5.00%
7.70%, net of pension
plan investment
expense, including

inflation

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, currently, information is only available for 2015 through 2022.

SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

Fairhope Public Library

	 2022	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 58,907	\$ 40,428	\$ 33,956	\$ 33,677	\$ 34,636	\$ 41,630	\$ 39,481	\$ 43,472
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 58,907	 40,428	 33,956	 33,677	34,636	 41,630	39,481	 43,472
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 537,297	\$ 478,807	\$ 473,525	\$ 501,964	\$ 489,687	\$ 486,684	\$ 426,252	\$ 426,252
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11%	8%	7%	7%	7%	9%	9%	10%

Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Contributions for fiscal year 2022 were based on the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Entry Age
Level percent closed
24.4 years
Five year smoothed fair value
2.75%
3.25% – 5.00%
7.70%, net of pension
plan investment
expense, including

inflation

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, currently, information is only available for 2015 through 2022.

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

City of Fairhope 2021 2020 2017 2016 2015 2019 2018 2014 Total pension liability Service cost 1.391.051 \$ 1,171,361 1.106,681 1.072.514 \$ 1,075,003 997 552 \$ 975,740 \$ 944,066 2,977,603 Interest 3,864,090 3,607,876 3,433,949 3,393,813 3,286,149 3,131,861 2,852,227 Changes in benefit terms 717,323 Differences between expected and actual 1 266 920 299,167 557 843 (1.109.067)(296,198) (52.317)83 217 experience Changes in assumptions 1,996,549 251,496 1,344,385 Benefit payments, including refunds of (2,884,262) (2,213,531) (2,905,374)(2.876.661)(2,502,104)(1,969,227)(2,247,432)(2,210,748)employee contributions Transfer among employers (317,929) 176,817 426,549 40,780 (113,767)(76,441)Net change in total pension liability 5,790,053 3.338.014 2.262.592 992.885 1,533,494 3,375,813 1.789.128 1.585.545 51,635,678 48,297,664 46,035,072 45,042,187 43,508,693 40,132,880 38,343,752 36,758,207 Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a) 46,035,072 45,042,187 57,425,731 51,635,678 48,297,664 \$ 43,508,693 40,132,880 38,343,752 Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer 1,342,614 1,200,051 1,160,273 1,107,892 1,082,206 1,163,477 1,035,070 1,011,234 Contributions - member 1,057,424 913,202 807,355 796,436 679,081 680,391 621,817 599,215 Net investment income 8,537,210 2,096,271 933,591 3,146,676 3,943,420 2.891.544 337,639 3,115,563 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (2,905,374)(2,884,262)(2,876,661)(2,502,104)(2,213,531)(1,969,227)(2,247,432)(2,210,748)(16.923)Transfers among employers 176,817 426,549 40.780 (113,767)(317,929)(76,441)(36,268)3,173,247 2,689,744 Net change in plan fiduciary net position 8,208,691 1.751.811 65,338 2,435,133 (269,829)2,478,996 36.791,663 31.183.283 28.493.539 Plan net position - beginning 38.608.812 36.857.001 34.356.530 28.763.368 26.284.372 \$ 36,857,001 Plan net position – ending (b) \$ 46,817,503 \$ 36,791,663 \$ 34,356,530 \$ 38,608,812 \$ 31,183,283 \$ 28,493,539 \$ 28,763,368 Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b) 10,608,228 13,026,866 11,440,663 9,243,409 \$ 10,685,657 \$ 12,325,410 \$ 11,639,341 9,580,384 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage 81.53% 74.77% 79.92% 76.28% 71.67% 71.00% 75.01% of the total pension liability 76.31% Covered payroll \$ 16,295,170 16,022,575 \$ 14,606,719 \$ 13,360,562 \$ 12,944,171 \$ 13,010,034 \$ 11,659,254 \$ 11,394,370 Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll 65% 81% 78% 69% 83% 95% 100% 84%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, currently, information is only available for 2014 through 2021.

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

Fairhope Public Library

			Fa	urho	<u>pe Public Lib</u>	rary	<u>/</u>							
		2021	 2020		2019		2018		2017	2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability														
Service cost	\$	27,256	\$ 32,407	\$	29,287	\$	28,941	\$	31,457	\$ 37,134	\$	37,305	\$	36,648
Interest		115,535	106,967		103,340		98,796		93,059	83,555		82,203		79,859
Changes in benefit terms		-	22,441		-		-		-	-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(6,017)	21,097		(11,203)		(9,007)		5,392	(40,331)		(8,514)		-
Changes in assumptions		60,163	-		-		5,140		-	132,947		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(77,468)	(65,814)		(56,829)		(56,340)		(55,417)	(58,555)		(129,622)		(48,791)
Transfers among employers	_	-	 	_	(12,994)			_	-	-				-
Net change in total pension liability		119,469	117,098		51,601		67,530		74,491	154,750		(18,628)		67,716
Total pension liability – beginning		1,539,188	 1,422,090	_	1,370,489	_	1,302,959		1,228,468	 1,073,718	_	1,092,346	_	1,022,630
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$	1,658,657	\$ 1,539,188	\$	1,422,090	\$	1,370,489	\$	1,302,959	\$ 1,228,468	\$	1,073,718	\$	1,090,346
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions – employer	\$	39,288	\$ 32,554	\$	33,178	\$	33,039	\$	40,040	\$ 39,583	\$	43,472	\$	43,802
Contributions – member		25,137	44,410		23,823		22,728		22,527	21,976		20,166		19,155
Net investment income		232,230	56,580		24,809		82,409		100,700	72,223		8,684		81,118
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(77,468)	(65,814)		(56,829)		(56,340)		(55,417)	(58,555)		(129,622)		(48,791)
Transfers among employers		-	_		(12,994)		-		_	-		-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		219,187	67,730		11,987		81,836		107,850	75,227		(57,300)		95,284
Plan net position – beginning		1,052,295	984,565		972,578		890,742		782,892	707,665		764,965		669,681
Plan net position – ending (b)	\$	1,271,482	\$ 1,052,295	\$	984,565	\$	972,578	\$	890,742	\$ 782,892	\$	707,665	\$	764,965
Net pension liability (asset) – ending (a)-(b)	\$	387,175	\$ 486,893	\$	437,525	\$	397,911	\$	412,217	\$ 445,576	\$	366,053	\$	325,381
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.66%	68.37%		69.23%		70.97%		68.36%	63.73%		65.91%		70.16%
Covered payroll	\$	419,081	\$ 398,880	\$	442,352	\$	461,619	\$	433,005	\$ 455,696	\$	412,627	\$	383,102
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		92%	122%		99%		86%		95%	98%		89%		85%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, currently, information is only available for 2014 through 2021.

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30*

	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost	\$ 307,242	\$	283,527	\$	203,973	\$	401,209	\$	441,966
Interest	231,803		250,165		340,720		442,731		371,696
Differences between expected and actual experience	(227,382)		462,366		85,836		(4,733,827)		2,650
Changes in assumptions	(730,010)		431,719		1,071,768		45,224		(757,435)
Benefit payments	 (291,262)		(395,053)		(499,978)		(313,549)		(373,128)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(709,609)		1,032,724		1,202,319		(4,158,212)		(314,251)
Total OPEB liability – beginning	 10,633,660		9,600,936		8,398,617		12,556,829		12,871,080
Total OPEB liability – ending	\$ 9,924,051	\$	10,633,660	\$	9,600,936	\$	8,398,617	\$	12,556,829
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,676,202	\$	5,676,202	\$	6,190,702	\$	6,190,702	\$	8,226,573
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	174.84%		187.34%		155.09%		135.67%		152.64%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, currently, information is only available for 2017 through 2021.

Notes to Schedule

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

The City does not have a special funding situation.

The reported Covered Employee Payroll during the measurement period is the payroll upon which contributions were based.

There were no changes of benefit terms during 2022.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.66% to 2.21% due to a change in the municipal bond rate.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

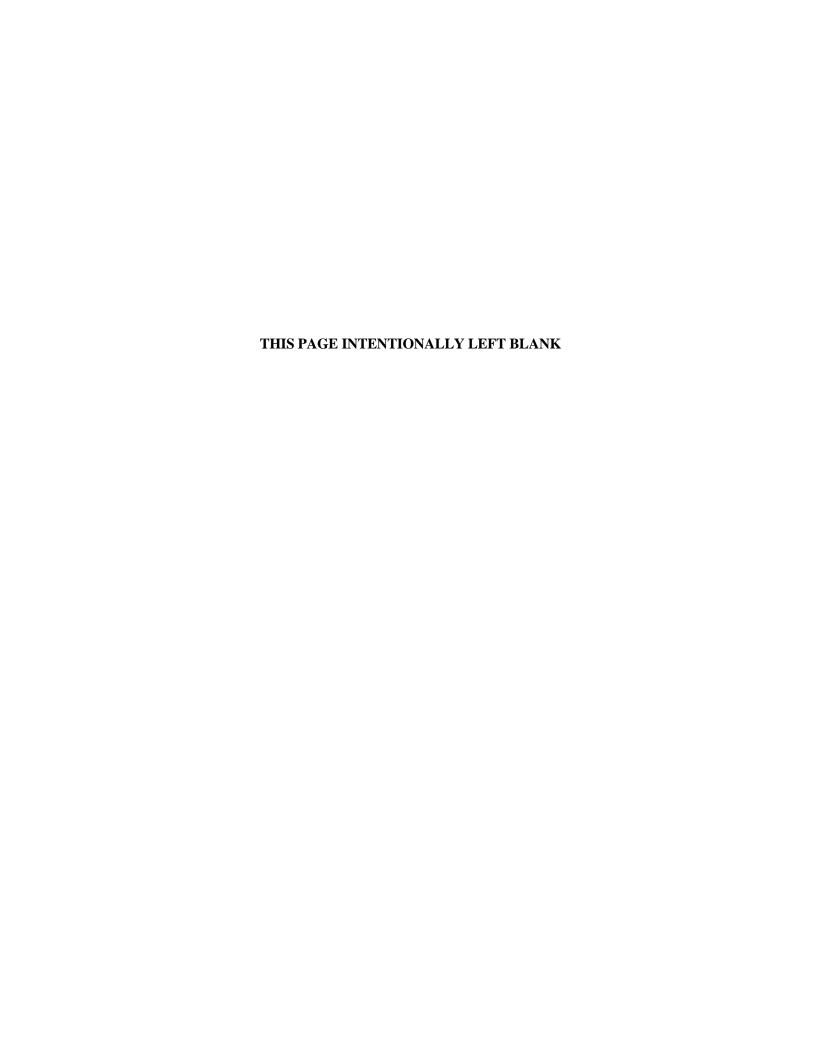
	D 1 1			Variance
	Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	with Final Budget
REVENUES	Original	Fillal	Amounts	Budget
Local taxes	\$ 20,048,830	\$ 21,048,830	\$ 23,536,708	\$ 2,487,878
Licenses and permits	4,604,804	4,604,804	6,137,069	1,532,265
Fines and forfeitures	200,000	200,000	267,322	67,322
Intergovernmental	245,000	245,000	2,350,066	2,105,066
Interest and rents	209,976	209,976	335,842	125,866
Charges for services	3,713,154	3,713,154	3,713,154	-
Golf course revenue	1,114,500	1,114,500	1,241,278	126,778
Recreation Department	378,000	378,000	636,242	258,242
Other	1,738,605	1,738,605	983,969	(754,636)
Total revenues	32,252,869	33,252,869	39,201,650	5,948,781
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
General	2,331,852	2,331,852	2,459,092	(127,240)
Planning	1,051,906	1,051,906	761,733	290,173
Building	1,003,564	1,003,564	1,022,082	(18,518)
Elected officials	284,871	284,871	285,978	(1,107)
Revenue	605,300	605,300	570,229	35,071
Judicial	287,537	287,537	305,275	(17,738)
Appropriations	252,600	252,600	251,540	1,060
Human Resources	387,994	387,994	371,640	16,354
Meter	649,154	649,154	647,196	1,958
Information Technology	1,034,009	1,034,009	815,024	218,985
Other	592,574	592,574	394,456	198,118
Public safety				
Police	7,259,939	7,259,939	6,841,901	418,038
Fire	770,267	770,267	736,025	34,242
Public works				
Street	4,473,716	4,473,716	4,408,881	64,835
Fleet maintenance	761,494	751,694	714,652	37,042
Meter				-
Cultural and recreational				
Economic and community development	622,470	622,470	556,601	65,869
Adult recreation	466,803	466,803	428,576	38,227
Recreation	2,518,531	2,518,531	2,431,126	87,405
Golf	1,778,733	1,778,733	1,565,995	212,738
Marina	555,165	555,165	778,546	(223,381)
Civic Center	268,300	268,300	228,136	40,164
Museum and Welcome Center	192,986	179,986	196,861	(16,875)
Airport Authority	320,000	320,000	320,000	-
Public Library Debt service payments:	859,000	859,000	859,000	-
Principal	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Capital outlay	2,864,075	2,886,875	2,516,457	370,418
Total expenditures	32,492,840	32,492,840	30,767,002	1,725,838
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(239,971)	760,029	8,434,648	7,674,619
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(23),)11)	700,027	0,434,040	7,074,017
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			56 550	56 550
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	56,559	56,559
Issuance of note payable	1,340,761	1 240 761	496,404	496,404
Transfers in Transfers out	(1,100,790)	1,340,761	1,540,522	199,761 (630,673)
Total other financing sources (uses)	239,971	(2,100,790) (760,029)	(2,731,463) (637,978)	(630,673) 122,051
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	7,796,670	\$ 7,796,670
Fund balances – beginning of year	Ψ -	φ -		φ 1,190,070
FUND BALANCES – END OF YEAR			19,266,445	
FUND DALANCES - END UF TEAK			\$ 27,063,115	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 EXCESS EXPENDITURES

The following are General Fund expenditures in excess of final budget amounts:

Salarion Salarion		Excess		Excess		Excess		Excess
Salies S 11,234 Oceane S 13,14 Oriented S 13,24 Oriented S 1,254		Expenditures		Expenditures		Expenditures		Expenditures
Decimal contents	General Government		Information Technology		Street Department		Golf Department	
Empire continues	Salaries		Overtime	\$ 15,144	Overtime	\$ 13,594	Overtime	
Canality Social natural (1985) Canality Social response (1985) Explorition (1985) Explored (1985) Explored (1985) Proc. Social Proc. Soc			Payroll taxes	778	Professional services	9,274	Casualty/workers comp insurance	506
Martin Accounting 18,50 Olles implies 550 Discomples 550 Discomples 550 Discomples 550 Productional overview 550 Productional overview 550 Discomples 55			Employee retirement expense					8,935
Professional services			Casualty/workers comp insurance					29,884
Complete spreame								11,113
December 20 1,000 Complement of 1,000 Comple	Professional services	82,087	Postage	246	Equipment rental	3,197	Training	140
Casaline and and 3,99 Goode and of 369 Policy 250 Designments 150 Designment 150 Desig	Computer expense	44,422		44,416	Utilities	40,971	Gasoline and oil	3,347
Lairente expense	Dues	8,075	General maintenance	13,667	Casualty/workers comp insurance	5,815	Credit card processing fee	4,362
Interest expose	Gasoline and oil	3,991	Gasoline and oil	346	Postage	250	Food purchases	7,283
Bush fee*	Uniforms	216			Employment screening		Equipment rental	2,294
Publication and newspapers 1,555 Country workers compinaturace 2,545 Howers 2,5	Interest expense	67	Revenue		Gasoline and oil	45,223	General maintenance	25,507
State collection dec	Bank fees	11,245	Gasoline and oil	95	Small equipment	837	Uniforms	959
Contact	Publications and newspapers	36,567	Casualty/workers comp insurance	2,451	Flowers	2,652		
Content Cont	Historical district	16,733	Uniforms	25	Landscaping	43,098	Marina	
Sale to oblection fees	City Hall Maintenance	8,368	Employment screening	366			Diesel	49,945
Capital County	Grant expenditures	20,000			Fleet Maintenance Department		Casualty/workers comp insurance	3,530
Parlaming Dipartment	Sales tax collection fees	12,432	Judicial Department		Overtime	5,215	Overtime	2,031
Computer component	Capital Outlay	34,182	Overtime	22,135	General maintenance	4,141	Postage	44
Camally-workers comp insurance 33 Goofine and oul 81 Gooffine and ou			Payroll taxes	406	Casualty/workers comp insurance	1,653	General maintenance	39,878
Sequence counthurisms - OPEBS 10,51 Data system 900 Equipment and velock repair 2,295 Employee retrement exposes 1,141 Utilities 2,206 Credit and processing for 2,122 Professional services 10,141 Utilities 2,206 Credit and processing for 2,122 Professional services 1809 Mark Reversation Department Credit Center Computer exposes 2,202 Other Computer exposes 2,202 Other Computer exposes 2,203 Other Computer exposes 2,204 Other Compute	Planning Department			383			Gasoline and oil	169,839
Training		10,514		900	Equipment and vehicle repair	7,299	Employee retirement expense	93
Prince 14 Stage 15 Capas 15 Ca								3,918
Consider exposes								151,822
Canalityweckers comp immurance						,		,
Casally/workers comp insurance 2,886 Chartery Capital Purchases 4,910 Polisications and prospersors 4,500 Polisications and prospersors 4,500 Computer expense 4,50				***	Adult Recreation Department		Civic Center	
Policy Communications and enewspapers 2,266 Library Capital Purchases 4,910 Policy Samula Pervices 4,910 Cassalla Purchases 1,612 Cassalla Capital Parch 1,612 Cassalla Capital			Other			2 662		353
Publishing Department				4 910				170
Building Department	1 dolleddollo did newspapers	2,202						894
Building fees	Ruilding Department				General supplies			54
Heath insurance		36 954						1,089
Causallyworkers comp insurance 2,047 USA-Summit Bilgs Capital Purch 4,248 Does General maintenance 8,230 USA-Summit Bilgs Capital Purch 1,195 Weksome center maintenance 35 Communications 1,195 Weksome center maintenance 35 Messeum and Welcome Center Computer expense 19,127 Ownerine 1,205 Communications 5,736 Vertine 13,854 Cassally-workers comp insurance 375 Cassally-workers comp insurance 1,205 Capital Outlay 4,373 Ownerine 13,854 Cassally-workers comp insurance 1,205 Capital Outlay 4,373 Computer expense 9,138 Communications 1,205 Capital Outlay 4,373 Computer expense 9,138 Communications 1,205 Computer expense 1,205								7,002
Legal fees								16
General maintenance					Duco			343
Function							Equipment and venicle repair	343
Communications					welcome center maintenance	33	Museum and Walsoms Contar	
Communications			Hurricane Sany	0,555	Faconomic and Community Developm	ont		300
Gaile and old 4,793 Octime 1,385 Causallyworkers comp insurance 1,790 Capital Outlay 4,73 Computer expense 1,790 Capital Outlay 4,73 Cap			Delice Descriptions					2,541
Capital Outsy				12.054				2,341 875
Communications		,						
Postage								4,056
Line of duty equip & upplies 2,056 Computer expense 1,563 Utilities Computer expense 1,563 Computer expense 1,564 Computer expense 1,5	Сарітаі Оціау	4,373						45 15.627
Salaries								
Training		***						768
Casually/workers comp insurance 286							Capital Outlay	826
Printers and copiers 223 DEA junds Purchases 5.96 Recreation Department 15.409 Transfers — Sanitation Fund 37. General supplies 666 Capital Outlay 12.638 Covertime 15.409 Transfers — Capital projects fund 37. General supplies 1.600 Transfers — Sanitation Fund 37. General supplies 1.600 General supplies 1.600 General supplies 1.600 General supplies 1.600 General maintenance 100.452					Gasoline and oil	184		
Communications								
Communications								378,021
Propertiations			Capital Outlay	126,838			Transfers – Capital projects fund	356,463
Appropriations Uvertime 118 General supplies 54,430 Baldwin Co. Transit Hub 4,144 Health insurance 364 Tennis 7,557 Human Resources Casualty/workers comp insurance 616 Cotst = Tennis shop sales 4,608 Overtime 17,757 Computer expense 527 Equipment rental 6,510 Casualty/workers comp insurance 355 General supplies 28,839 Utilities 67,302 Legal fees 6,303 General supplies 28,839 Utilities 67,302 Legal fees 6,303 General supplies 3,349 Vol Supplies 12,046 Printess and copiers 1,548 Communications 3,199 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Printers and copiers 1,548 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Image: Complex compl	Communications	1,269						
Hank Resources								
Human Resources Employment screening 161 General maintenance 100,452 Overtine 17,757 Cossulty/worker scomp insurance 527 Equipment rental 6,510 Casualty/workers comp insurance 355 General supplies 28,839 Utilities 67,302 Legal fees 6,503 General maintenance 5,374 Pool supplies 12,046 Professional services 642 Uniforms 1,94 Uniforms 2,232 Office supplies 1,586 Communications 3,190 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Printers and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,754 Office supplies 2,80 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,435 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Dues 795 Gasoline and oil 3,154 Small equipment 870 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Caputally/workers comp insurance 960 Fees the supplies of the supplie								
Human Resources Casuallyworkers comp insurance 616 Cotsts – Tennis shop sales 4,608 Overtime 17,757 Computer expense 527 Equipment rental 6,510 Casuallyworkers comp insurance 355 General supplies 28,839 Utilities 67,302 Lega fees 6,303 General maintenance 5,374 Pool supplies 12,046 Office supplies 1,586 Communications 3,190 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Printers and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,754 Office supplies 280 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Gasoline and oil 316 Forestiment of the communication of the communicat	Baldwin Co. Transit Hub	4,140						
Overtime 17,57 Computer expense 527 Equipment rental 6,510 Casually/workers comp insurance 355 General supplies 28,839 Utilities 67,302 Legal fees 6,303 General maintenance 5,374 Pool supplies 12,046 Professional services 642 Uniforms 19 Uniforms 2,323 Office supplies 1,586 Communications 3,190 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Frinters and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,75 Office supplies or grocessing fee 3,049 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Employee screening 83 10 Bupplies-Concession 7,001 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 960 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meters Cassualty/workers comp insurance 960 Capital Outlay 58,974 Frequent and vehicle repair 11								
Casualty/workers comp insurance 355 General supplies 28,839 Utilities 67,302 Lega fees 6,303 General maintenance 5,374 Pool supplies 12,046 Professional services 642 Uniforms 191 Uniforms 2,323 Office supplies 1,586 Communications 3,190 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Printers and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,754 Office supplies 280 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Employee screening 83 Gasoline and oil 5,564 5 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Family Guiden and oil 5,564 5 Uniforms 355 Supplies Concession 26,192 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meter Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Family Guiden and oil 5,564 Family Guiden and oil 5,564 Family Guiden and oil 5,974 Family Guiden and oil 5,974 Fa								
Legal fees 6,303 General maintenance 5,374 Pool supplies 12,046 Professional services 642 Uniforms 1,91 Uniforms 2,323 Office supplies 1,586 Equipment rental 8,754 Office supplies on processing fee 30,49 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Employee screening 83 Gasoline and oil 5,564 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Small equipment 870 Uniforms 355 Server								
Professional services 642 Uniforms Uniforms 191 Uniforms 2,323 Office supplies 1,586 Communications 3,190 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Printers and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,75 discussion 280 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 305 Dues 7,001 Employee screening 83 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Gasoline and oil 870 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Capital Outlay Meter Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 1,554 General maintenance Gasoline and oil 17,513 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Gasoline and oil 1,574 Gasoli								
Office supplies 1,586 Communications 3,190 Credit card processing fee 3,049 Printers and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,754 Office supplies 280 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Employee screening 83 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Gasoline and oil 870 Uniforms 355 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Casually/workers comp insurance 960 Capital Outlay 58,974 Training 1,554 4 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Printers and copiers 1,349 Equipment rental 8,754 Office supplies 280 General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001 Employee screening 83 Dues 795 Gasoline and oil 316 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Small equipment 870 Uniforms 355 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meter 1,554 Capital Outlay 58,974 Training 1,554 Capital Outlay 1,554 General maintenance 132 Capital Outlay 1,554 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Capital Outlay 1,554 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770 Capital Outlay 1,554								
General supplies 375 Gasoline and oil 10,463 Supplies-Concession 7,001								
Employee screening 83 Gasoline and oil 316 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Uniforms 355 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meter Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770								
Gasoline and oil 316 Gasoline and oil 5,564 Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Small equipment 870 Uniforms 355 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meter Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770	General supplies		Gasoline and oil	10,463				
Equipment and vehicle repair 29 Small equipment 870 Uniforms 355 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meter Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 7 Training 1,554 4 General maintenance 132 4 Gasoline and oil 17,513 4 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770 4								
Uniforms 355 Land/Right of Way Acquisitions 26,192 Capital Outlay 58,974 Meter Casulty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and welicle repair 11,700								
Meter Capital Outlay 58,974 Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770	Equipment and vehicle repair							
Meter Capital Outlay 58,974 Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770		355			Land/Right of Way Acquisitions	26,192		
Meter Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770								
Casualty/workers comp insurance 960 Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770	Meter				- *			
Training 1,554 General maintenance 132 Gasoline and oil 17,513 Equipment and vehicle repair 11,770		960						
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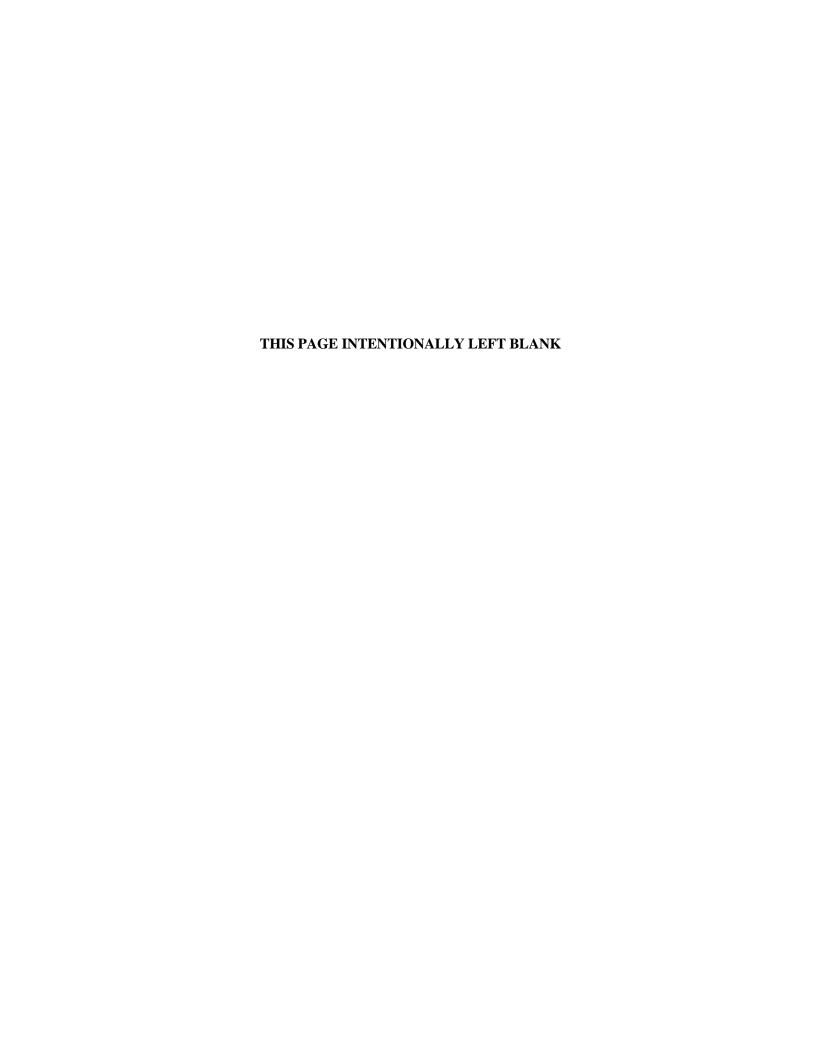
COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds														
	Municipal Rebuild Capital Federal Municipal														
	Ir	npact Fees	(Gas Tax		Gas Tax		provements	Grants		Court		Debt :	Service	Total
ASSETS Cash Receivables	\$	2,544,252 455	\$	209,123 10,084	\$	168,827 14,554	\$	442,070	\$	397,431 381,988	\$	101,861	\$	-	\$ 3,863,564 407,081
Total assets	\$	2,544,707	\$	219,207	\$	183,381	\$	442,070	\$	779,419	\$	101,861			\$ 4,270,645
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	72,721	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	218,525 560,894	\$	78,828 22,760	\$	-	\$ 297,353 656,375
Total liabilities				72,721			_			779,419		101,588			953,728
FUND BALANCES Restricted:															
Road maintenance		-		146,486		183,381		-		-		-		-	329,867
Capital improvements		-		-		-		442,070		-		-		-	442,070
Municipal Court		-		-		-		-		-		273		-	273
Committed:															
Construction and road maintenance	_	2,544,707		-		-		-		-		-		-	 2,544,707
Total fund balances		2,544,707		146,486		183,381		442,070	_			273			 3,316,917
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,544,707	\$	219,207	\$	183,381	\$	442,070	\$	779,419	\$	101,861	\$		\$ 4,270,645

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Special Rev	enue Funds				
	Impact Fees	Gas Tax	Rebuild Gas Tax	Municipal Capital Improvements	Federal Grants	Municipal Court	Debt Service	Total
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest and rents Total revenues	\$ - 1,063,398 7,908 1,071,306	\$ - 114,427 - 114,427	\$ 163,651 - 630 164,281	\$ 207,102 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 1,101,585 - 1,101,585	\$ - - 262 262	\$ - - - -	\$ 163,651 1,423,114 1,063,398 10,321 2,660,484
EXPENDITURES General government Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9
Principal Interest Capital outlay Total expenditures					1,101,585 1,101,585	- - - 9	389,819 15,238 - 405,057	389,819 15,238 1,101,585 1,506,651
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,071,306	114,427	164,281	208,623		253	(405,057)	1,153,833
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(1,100,702)	(162,721)	(126,786)	(437,206)			405,057	405,057 (1,827,415)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,100,702)	(162,721)	(126,786)	(437,206)			405,057	(1,422,358)
Net change in fund balances	(29,396)	(48,294)	37,495	(228,583)	-	253	-	(268,525)
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,574,103	194,780	145,886	670,653		20		3,585,442
FUND BALANCES – END OF YEAR	\$ 2,544,707	\$ 146,486	\$ 183,381	\$ 442,070	\$ -	\$ 273	\$ -	\$ 3,316,917



INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

FUND BALANCE SHEET FAIRHOPE PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items	\$ 660,546 7,169
Total assets	\$ 667,715
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 47,551
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid items	7,169
Restricted:	
Library improvements	173,485
Unassigned	439,510
Total fund balances	 620,164
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 667,715

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FAIRHOPE PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balances as reported on page 74	\$ 620,164
Net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from fund balances for governmental activities because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in fund financial statements.	738,619
Depreciation is provided for the above capital assets in government-wide reporting, but is not in fund financial statements.	(505,028)
Other assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Employment retirement contributions	118,499
Long-term liabilities, including warrants, notes, capital lease obligations and OPEB obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in fund financial statements:	
Net pension liability	(387,175)
Deferred inflows of resources	 (106,672)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on page 23	\$ 478,407

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FAIRHOPE PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES	
Fines and lost books	\$ 12,613
Donations, gifts, memorials and bequests	12,462
State aid	95,346
Payments from City of Fairhope	859,000
Miscellaneous	14,420_
Total revenues	993,841
EXPENDITURES	
Salaries	546,230
Payroll taxes	41,537
Insurance	9,891
Employees' retirement	58,907
Books, periodicals, audio visual	98,558
Supplies	15,218
Janitorial service	21,199
Professional fees	12,419
Telecommunications	717
Capital outlay	89,434
Maintenance	220,386
Miscellaneous	71,964_
Total expenditures	1,186,460
Net change in fund balances	(192,619)
Fund balances – beginning of year	812,783
FUND BALANCES – END OF YEAR	\$ 620,164

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FAIRHOPE PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds, page 76	\$ (192,619)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay, reported as expenditures in governmental funds, is shown as capital assets in the statement of net position.	192,487
Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets included in the capital assets in the statement of net position.	(17,594)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows of resources	 9,182
Change in net position of governmental activities, page 24	\$ (8,544)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FAIRHOPE AIRPORT AUTHORITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Prepaid items	\$ 218,890 227,359 45,866
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Runways	10,674,228 160,864 8,787,483 35,280 16,529,226
Total assets	\$ 36,679,196
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Customer deposits Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 37,332 22,000 250,000 5,970,629
Total liabilities	6,279,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Service concession arrangement revenue applicable to future years	6,411,149
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unassigned Total net position	29,966,452 (5,978,366)
Total net position Total liabilities and fund balances	23,988,086 \$ 36,679,196

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FAIRHOPE AIRPORT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES		
Fuel sales and rentals	\$	309,956
Total operating revenues		309,956
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance		120,877
Legal and professional		97,125
Maintenance		130,841
Depreciation		552,555
Other	-	10,550
Total operating expenses		911,948
OPERATING LOSS		(601,992)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Revenue from service concession arrangement		248,630
Intergovernmental revenue		247,718
Payments from City of Fairhope		320,000
Interest expense		(61,001)
Miscellaneous		3,075
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		758,422
Change in net position		156,430
Net position – beginning of year	2	23,831,656
NET POSITION – END OF YEAR	\$ 2	23,988,086

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FAIRHOPE AIRPORT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Received from customers		
Necessed Holli Custollicis	\$	263,624
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(399,202)
Net cash used in operating activities		(135,578)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Amounts received from City of Fairhope		320,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of debt		(250,000)
Interest paid		(67,618)
Capital grants received		228,483
Acquisition of capital assets		(62,602)
Net cash used in capital and related		(- , ,
financing activities		(151,737)
NET INCREASE IN CASH		32,685
CASH – BEGINNING OF YEAR		186,205
CASH – END OF YEAR	\$	218,890
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(601,992)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	·	(, ,
net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		552,555
Other nonoperating revenues		3,075
Change in operating assets and operating liabilities:		
Increase in prepaid items		(3,993)
Decrease in accounts payable		(35,816)
Decrease in unearned revenue		(6,007)
Decrease in customer deposits		(43,400)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(135,578)

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

City street upgrades	\$ 1,517,650
Volanta Park baseball project	616,799
Church St. drainage improvement	489,317
Boys and Girls Club playground	87,152
Track at Founders Park	48,913
Stadium ADA platform and ramps	43,698
Oak St. drainage improvements	5,835
Other projects	3,025
Total	\$ 2,812,389

The above items are only from the capital projects fund.

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA

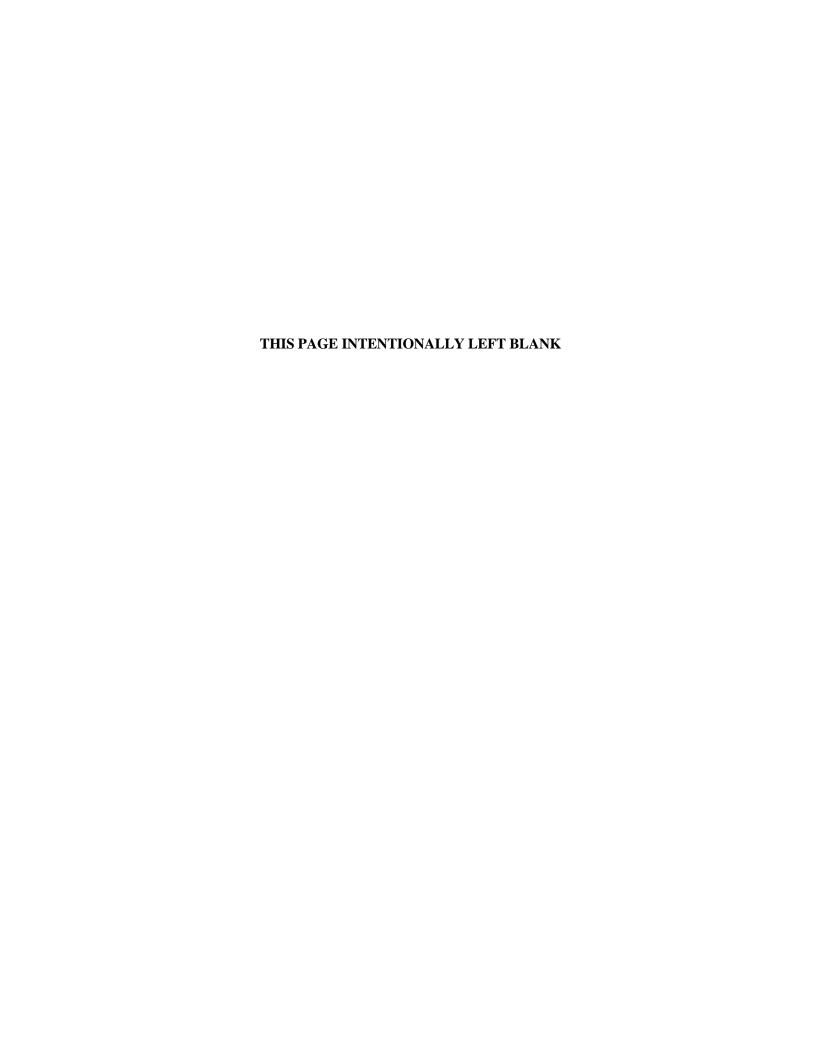
SCHEDULE OF INFORMATION REQUIRED BY BOND INDENTURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

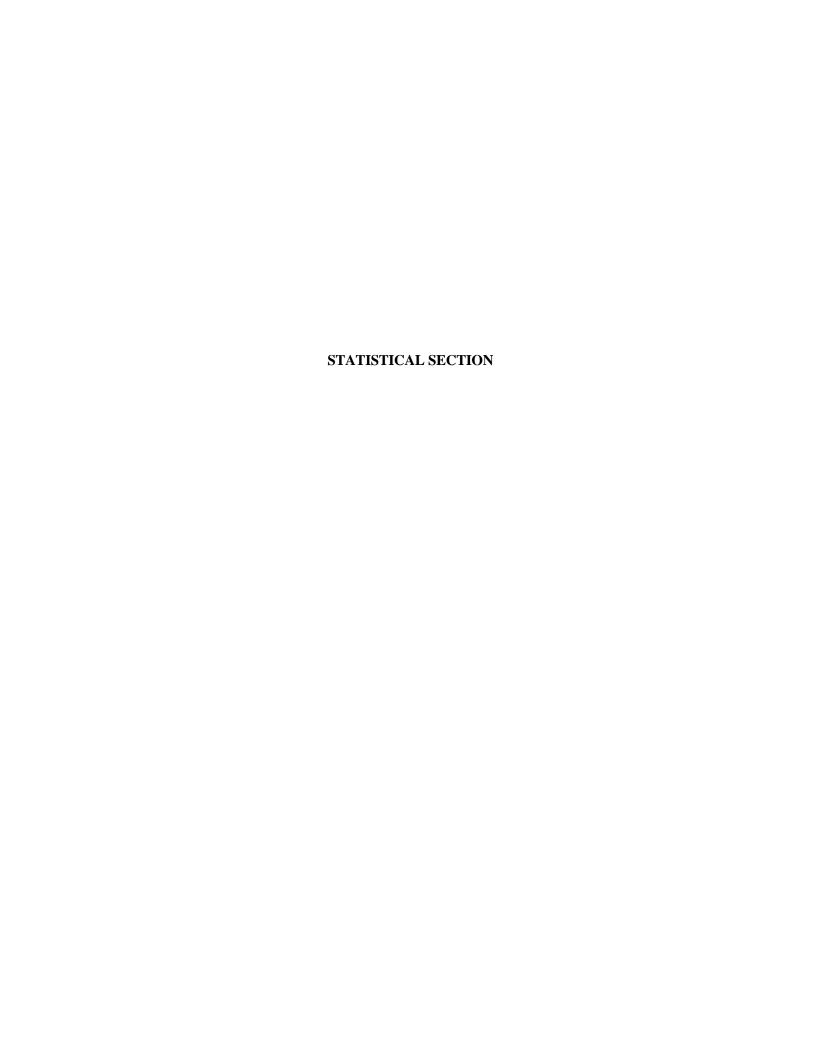
			Electric Fund		Natural Gas Fund		Water and Vaste Water Fund		Sanitation Fund		
A.	Utility customers at September 30, 2022 were as follows:										
	Number of customers		7,137		12,701		21,269		11,319		
	Number of metered customers		7,137		12,701		21,269		11,319		
	Number of unmetered customers		-		-		-		-		
	Number of waste water customers		-		-		12,361		-		
В.	Annual net income of utility operations		Electric Fund		Natural Gas Fund		Water and Vaste Water Fund	S	Sanitation Fund		Total
	Income (loss) from operations Add:	\$	2,291,580	\$	2,628,491	\$	5,379,033	\$	(492,580)	\$	9,806,524
	Depreciation Interest income		994,022 116,276		531,751 106,587		1,928,302 145,136		321,150 555		3,775,225 368,554
	Annual net income (loss) as prescribed by debt covenants	\$	3,401,878	\$	3,266,829	\$	7,452,471	\$	(170,875)	\$	13,950,303
C.	Utility fund casualty insurance coverage on electrical substant facilities is included in a blanket policy with the Govand facilities. The City of Fairhope, Alabama is the named	verr	nmental Fund	s ge	neral capital						
	Comprehensive general liability – expires January 2023	3								\$	1,000,000
	Buildings and facilities – expires January 2023									1	20,579,245
	Equipment – expires January 2023										7,392,040
	Automobile – expires January 2023 Liability Uninsured motorist										1,000,000 50,000
	Public officials errors and omissions liability – expires Aggregate Per occurrence	Jan	uary 2023								2,000,000 1,000,000
	Police liability – expires January 2023 Aggregate Per occurrence										2,000,000 1,000,000
	Excess liability policy for general liability, police and p	ubl	ic official – e	xpi	res January 2	023					6,000,000

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA

SUMMARY OF DEPOSITS, WITHDRAWALS AND BALANCES OF SELECTED TRUST ACCOUNTS AS REQUIRED UNDER CERTAIN TRUST INDENTURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	1996 Capital provement	2020 I		020 URW arrant Fund
Balance October 1, 2021 Deposits Disbursements	\$ 50,616 175		33,806 6,329 (649)	1,464,928 2,308,510 (2,295,488)
Balance September 30, 2022	\$ 50,791	\$ 1,83	39,486	\$ 1,477,950





STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Fairhope, Alabama's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the	
government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	84-89
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's	
most significant local revenue sources, the sales tax and the property tax.	90-94
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of	
the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability	
to issue additional debt in the future.	95-98
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	
understand the environment within which the government's financial activities	
take place.	99-100
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	
understand how the information in the government's financial report relates	
to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	101-103

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Hi	isca	ъL	v	ea:

								FISC	al Y	ear					
		2013	 2014	_	2015	_	2016	2017		2018	2019	 2020	_	2021	2022
Governmental activities															
Net investment in capital assets	\$	65,671,272	\$ 74,804,467	\$	76,208,248	\$	83,545,906	\$ 86,900,546	\$	88,279,810	\$ 94,795,255	\$ 97,649,862	\$	98,917,172	\$ 100,568,874
Restricted		2,007,967	1,557,163		2,308,667		1,706,056	650,031		750,122	227,092	1,135,047		1,011,343	775,703
Unrestricted		8,586,709	 9,513,008		4,619,015		2,124,391	 8,284,540		2,860,140	828,480	 819,243		6,658,072	17,911,102
Total governmental activities net position	\$	76,265,948	\$ 85,874,638	\$	83,135,930	\$	87,376,353	\$ 95,835,117	\$	91,890,072	\$ 95,850,827	\$ 99,604,152	\$	106,586,587	\$ 119,255,679
Business-type activities															
Net investment in capital assets	\$	29,971,506	\$ 42,025,762	\$	44,488,322	\$	45,962,724	\$ 48,750,251	\$	50,268,633	\$ 53,004,032	\$ 61,730,548	\$	67,819,256	\$ 78,439,515
Restricted		3,698,889	3,718,288		2,619,251		2,907,634	2,693,371		2,713,478	2,730,446	14,291,410		3,349,350	4,291,518
Unrestricted		10,197,284	 2,273,605		5,238,460		7,587,850	 8,586,317		12,564,193	 18,201,729	 9,441,704		24,938,747	21,997,352
Total business-type activities net position	\$	43,867,679	\$ 48,017,655	\$	52,346,033	\$	56,458,208	\$ 60,029,939	\$	65,546,304	\$ 73,936,207	\$ 85,463,662	\$	96,107,353	\$ 104,728,385
Primary government															
Net investment in capital assets	\$	95,642,778	\$ 116,830,229	\$	120,696,570	\$	129,508,630	\$ 135,650,797	\$	138,548,443	\$ 147,799,287	\$ 159,380,410	\$	166,736,428	\$ 179,008,389
Restricted		5,706,856	5,275,451		4,927,918		4,613,690	3,343,402		3,463,600	2,957,538	15,426,457		4,360,693	5,067,221
Unrestricted	_	18,783,993	 11,786,613		9,857,475		9,712,241	 16,870,857		15,424,333	19,030,209	10,260,947		31,596,819	39,908,454
Total primary government net position	\$	120,133,627	\$ 133,892,293	\$	135,481,963	\$	143,834,561	\$ 155,865,056	\$	157,436,376	\$ 169,787,034	\$ 185,067,814	\$	202,693,940	\$ 223,984,064

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	_	2012	2014		2015	15 2016 2017		1 1 (2010		2020		2021		2022		
		2013	 2014		2015		2016	_	2017		2018	2019		2020		2021		2022
Expenses																		
Governmental activities:		5 451 500	0.057.040	4	0.000.050		0.020.550	d	T 222 T 4 5		5 500 501	5 050 504	.	5 050 to5	ф	15005055	do.	0.500.505
General government	\$	7,451,793	\$ 9,067,340	\$	8,890,052	\$	9,828,668	\$	7,232,746	\$	5,580,501	\$ 5,859,684	\$	7,278,497	\$	16,825,075	\$	8,530,536
Public safety		4,848,790	4,651,958		4,370,285		4,873,102		6,051,285		6,744,158	6,747,159		7,125,224		7,699,709		7,992,887
Public works Cultural and recreational		5,820,858	5,968,995		5,848,267		5,777,295		6,323,212		8,041,071	8,273,373		8,763,332		9,536,641		6,808,105
		2,910,651 443,000	2,893,490		3,055,121 412,632		3,564,948		4,896,744		6,899,557	6,921,431		6,491,954		6,680,606 335,000		6,982,402 320,000
Airport Authority		,	443,000				428,000		342,000		320,000	320,000		320,000		,		
Public Library Board		840,636 507,982	886,028 472,222		924,736 344,808		1,025,236		1,025,887		1,024,522 94,506	1,029,124 71,726		1,069,323 27,969		1,021,772 31,431		1,064,341 10,520
Interest on long-term debt			 				339,051		53,853			 						
Total governmental activities expenses		22,823,710	24,383,033		23,845,901		25,836,300		25,925,727		28,704,315	29,222,497		31,076,299		42,130,234		31,708,791
Business-type activities:																		
Electric		17,164,781	18,379,231		18,227,563		17,683,205		17,622,258		16,966,013	17,063,612		17,022,979		17,605,905		18,178,999
Natural gas		5,234,887	5,529,610		5,056,618		4,886,415		4,949,991		4,930,235	5,777,998		5,670,355		6,172,162		7,741,978
Water and waste water		7,294,799	7,165,113		7,085,714		8,042,137		8,413,111		7,631,278	8,486,035		9,213,371		9,813,398		10,295,634
Sanitation			 _		-				_		-			_				3,265,985
Total business-type activities expenses		29,694,467	 31,073,954		30,369,895		30,611,757		30,985,360		29,527,526	31,327,645		31,906,705		33,591,465		39,482,596
Total primary government expenses	\$	52,518,177	\$ 55,456,987	\$	54,215,796	\$	56,448,057	\$	56,911,087	\$	58,231,841	\$ 60,550,142	\$	62,983,004	\$	75,721,699	\$	71,191,387
Program Revenues																		
Governmental activities:																		
Charges for services:																		
General government	\$	6,052,493	\$ 6,225,471	\$	3,585,456	\$	7,837,796	\$	8,676,864	\$	7,523,386	\$ 7,953,532	\$	8,006,104	\$	8,802,363	\$	10,827,381
Public safety		291,749	285,573		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Public works		1,431,883	1,462,243		4,730,645		1,547,682		1,594,839		1,769,059	1,916,788		2,073,829		2,440,059		-
Cultural and recreational		1,544,278	1,553,287		1,622,983		1,649,815		1,664,643		1,926,828	2,148,050		1,995,263		2,420,846		2,719,406
Operating grants and contributions		-	9,144		-		-		102,507		94,494	127,978		542,126		9,157,959		2,014,462
Capital grants and contributions		438,033	8,416,283		1,319,753		1,467,355		1,642,474		1,319,678	1,777,375		2,846,663		2,408,124		3,013,322
Total governmental activities program revenues		9,758,436	17,952,001		11,258,837		12,502,648		13,681,327		12,633,445	13,923,723		15,463,985		25,229,351		18,574,571
Business-type activities:																		
Charges for services:																		
Electric		19,647,662	21,049,277		20,527,031		20,218,941		19,244,121		20,767,707	20,779,858		20,298,577		21,910,226		20,477,525
Natural gas		6,769,649	8,023,473		7,354,080		6,276,414		6,382,976		7,410,880	7,771,857		7,428,215		8,744,718		10,298,544
Water and waste water		9,980,089	10,018,231		10,860,135		11,164,497		11,870,652		11,529,979	12,538,531		13,625,353		14,679,765		15,559,401
Sanitation		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		2,773,365
Operating grants and contributions		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		24,299		125,743		170,397
Capital grants and contributions			-		-		-		-			253,028		2,304,665		-		_
Total business-type activities program revenues		36,397,400	39,090,981		38,741,246		37,659,852		37,497,749		39,708,566	41,343,274		43,681,109		45,460,452		49,279,232
Total primary government program revenues	\$	46,155,836	\$ 57,042,982	\$	50,000,083	\$	50,162,500	\$	51,179,076	\$	52,342,011	\$ 55,266,997	\$	59,145,094	\$	70,689,803	\$	67,853,803

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year																			
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(13,065,274) 6,702,933	\$	(6,431,032) 8,017,027	\$	(12,587,064) 8,371,351	\$	(13,333,652) 7,048,095	\$	(12,244,400) 6,512,389	\$	(16,070,870) 10,181,040	\$	(15,298,774) 10,015,629	\$	(15,612,314) 11,774,404	\$	(16,900,883) 11,868,987	\$	(13,134,220) 9,796,636
Total primary government net expense	\$	(6,362,341)	\$	1,585,995	\$	(4,215,713)	\$	(6,285,557)	\$	(5,732,011)	\$	(5,889,830)	\$	(5,283,145)	\$	(3,837,910)	\$	(5,031,896)	\$	(3,337,584)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position																				
Governmental activities: Taxes Property taxes	\$	4,298,046	\$	4,330,537	\$	4,550,766	\$	4,869,877	\$	5,050,643	\$	5,535,117	\$	5,947,563	\$	6,354,890	\$	6,847,201	\$	7,453,763
Sales tax Liquor taxes Lodging taxes	-	5,437,863 425,816 643,495	Ť	6,518,249 445,132 614,278	•	6,797,757 451,719 681,419	•	7,422,726 482,755 696,379	-	8,069,350 536,643 762,562	•	8,444,241 498,044 653,697	_	9,269,702 606,819 1,116,242	Ť	9,930,150 632,363 911,537	•	11,727,899 714,140 1,366,725	_	13,691,152 733,897 1,668,841
Other taxes Intergovernmental		139,666 596,816		138,204 389,561		138,382 1,695,688		133,057 568,566		139,444		127,513		122,059		116,455		111,649		105,778
Investment earnings Loss on sale of assets Other		251,512 - 213,169		239,205 (261,340) 147,672		228,670 - 705,142		302,181 - 147,452		335,106 - 283,385		59,157 - 262,849		126,115 - 292,339		274,246 - 341,897		174,777 - 1,404,410		219,012 - 305,727
Transfers in/(out)		3,236,251		3,612,482		1,826,575		2,951,082		2,753,244	_	3,181,000		1,778,690		804,101		1,536,517		1,625,142
Total governmental activities		15,242,634		16,173,980		17,076,118		17,574,075		17,930,377		18,761,618		19,259,529		19,365,639		23,883,318		25,803,312
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Other Transfers in/(out)		25,268 - (3,236,251)		30,815		18,440 - (1,826,575)		15,162 - (2,951,082)		23,552 19,276 (2,753,244)		53,651 14,775 (3,181,000)		136,797 16,167 (1,778,690)		519,544 37,608 (804,101)		307,434 3,787 (1,536,517)		368,554 80,984 (1,625,142)
Total business-type activities	_	(3,210,983)	_	(3,581,667)	_	(1,808,135)	_	(2,931,082)	_	(2,710,416)	_	(3,112,574)		(1,625,726)		(246,949)	_	(1,225,296)	_	(1,175,604)
Total primary government	\$	12,031,651	\$	12,592,313	\$	15,267,983	\$	14,638,155	\$	15,219,961	\$	15,649,044	\$	17,633,803	\$	19,118,690	\$	22,658,022	\$	24,627,708
									_		_								_	
Change in Net Position																				
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	2,177,360 3,491,950	\$	9,742,948 4,435,360	\$	4,489,054 6,563,216	\$	4,240,423 4,112,175	\$	5,685,977 3,801,973	\$	2,690,748 7,068,466	\$	3,960,755 8,389,903	\$	3,753,325 11,527,455	\$	6,982,435 10,643,691	\$	12,669,092 8,621,032
Total primary government	\$	5,669,310	\$	14,178,308	\$	11,052,270	\$	8,352,598	\$	9,487,950	\$	9,759,214	\$	12,350,658	\$	15,280,780	\$	17,626,126	\$	21,290,124

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Beer, Wine

Fiscal Sales Year Tax			A	d Valorem Tax	Au	ıtomobile Tax	d Liquor Tax	 Sigarette Tax	I	Lodging Tax	Dog Tax	 Total
2013	\$	5,437,863	\$	3,738,511	\$	559,534	\$ 425,816	\$ 139,526	\$	643,495	\$ 141	\$ 10,944,886
2014		6,518,174		3,759,584		570,954	445,132	138,203		614,278	75	12,046,400
2015		6,797,757		3,950,750		600,015	451,719	138,298		681,419	85	12,620,043
2016		7,422,726		4,218,538		651,339	482,755	132,957		696,379	100	13,604,794
2017		8,069,350		4,310,029		740,614	536,643	139,380		762,562	64	14,558,642
2018		8,444,241		4,874,223		660,894	498,044	127,427		653,697	86	15,258,612
2019		9,269,702		5,270,773		676,789	606,819	122,006		1,116,242	54	17,062,385
2020		9,930,150		5,638,511		716,379	632,363	116,396		911,537	59	17,945,395
2021		11,727,899		5,994,465		852,736	714,140	111,579		1,366,725	70	20,767,614
2022		13,691,152		6,472,730		981,033	733,897	105,757		1,668,841	21	23,653,431

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year																
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
General fund																	
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,490	\$	303,387	\$	323,647	\$ 136,037	\$ 203,736	\$ 205,704
Committed		7,000,000		7,000,000		7,000,000		7,000,000		7,062,075		8,343,666		8,343,666	7,734,594	7,734,594	7,734,594
Unassigned		3,447,451		3,449,523		3,992,803		3,629,943		6,819,862		5,061,071		4,575,780	6,013,275	 11,328,115	 19,122,817
Total general fund	\$	10,447,451	\$	10,449,523	\$	10,992,803	\$	10,629,943	\$	13,967,427	\$	13,708,124	\$	13,243,093	\$ 13,883,906	\$ 19,266,445	\$ 27,063,115
All other governmental funds																	
Restricted:																	
Debt service - other governmental funds	\$	339,308	\$	357,156	\$	348,720	\$	516,120	\$	527,858	\$	541,587	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Road maintenance - other governmental funds		274,746		46,007		105,947		35,936		122,173		208,535		227,092	318,704	340,666	329,867
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	816,343	670,653	442,070
Other		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	24	3,766
Committed, reported in:																	
Capital projects fund		58,625		1,956,986		4,398,406		1,364,704		4,147,827		2,787,639		1,943,247	862,824	1,428,575	2,867,646
Other governmental funds		1,252,213		851,448		826,435		1,478,912		2,255,722		5,403,308		3,726,721	3,036,724	2,574,103	2,544,707
Unassigned:																	
Capital projects fund		181,085		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Other governmental funds									_				_	(1,160)	 (1,160)	 	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	2,105,977	\$	3,211,597	\$	5,679,508	\$	3,395,672	\$	7,053,580	\$	8,941,069	\$	5,895,900	\$ 5,033,435	\$ 5,014,021	\$ 6,188,056

The City implemented GASB Statement number 54 fiscal year 2011. This statement replaces the previous classifications of reserved, unreserved, designated and undesignated fund balances.

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

						ı ı caı				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
REVENUES										
Local taxes	\$ 10,944,885	\$ 12,046,399	\$ 12,620,043	\$ 13,604,795	\$ 14,681,633	\$ 15,259,245	\$ 17,002,565	\$ 17,948,978	\$ 20,810,059	\$ 23,700,359
Licenses and permits	2,731,766	3,000,673	3,306,620	3,596,049	3,945,641	4,364,902	4,570,915	4,315,235	4,544,325	6,137,069
Fines and forfeitures	291,749	285,573	278,837	236,724	284,893	273,887	237,812	199,228	194,677	267,322
Intergovernmental	1,022,649	991,614	639,523	693,761	876,086	954,086	1,090,181	2,470,197	11,205,009	4,559,019
Contribution from Public Library Board	1,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Interest and rents	253,003	239,205	228,669	302,181	335,106	401,705	470,753	576,479	465,462	353,059
Charges for services	5,317,255	5,165,291	5,395,287	6,504,860	6,910,066	5,075,950	5,852,747	6,098,090	6,749,966	4,776,552
Golf course revenue	1,113,277	1,067,593	1,137,114	1,127,306	1,190,281	1,062,204	1,060,650	1,000,949	1,272,891	1,241,278
Recreation Department	391,024	436,453	444,410	476,772	466,437	442,324	456,362	238,811	393,744	636,242
BP settlement proceeds	-	-	1,361,255	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal settlement	-	-	598,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	253,146	196,913	180,644	223,293	338,058	368,387	660,915	1,219,633	1,958,967	983,969
Total revenues	22,320,254	23,429,714	26,191,042	26,765,741	29,028,201	28,202,690	31,402,900	34,067,600	47,595,100	42,654,869
EXPENDITURES										
General government	6,862,394	8,311,150	8,289,346	8,738,427	6,451,497	4,912,047	5,303,050	5,994,284	16,506,531	7,914,820
Public safety	4,477,321	4,276,774	4,152,128	4,518,908	5,469,039	6,202,161	6,571,647	6,869,403	7,164,116	7,577,926
Public works	4,002,098	4,379,670	3,980,822	4,118,350	4,651,125	6,386,662	6,510,388	6,963,031	7,484,450	5,123,533
Cultural and recreational	2,512,499	2,491,611	2,664,900	2,989,627	4,017,963	6,028,022	6,238,487	5,783,450	5,827,670	6,185,841
Airport Authority	443,000	443,000	412,632	428,000	342,000	320,000	320,000	320,000	335,000	320,000
Public Library Board	630,000	674,100	714,100	814,600	814,600	814,600	818,477	859,401	816,431	859,000
Other	89,133	89,785	93,436	162,736	115,753	100,732	170,203	863,699	-	-
Debt service:										
Principal	1,485,545	2,894,540	483,780	6,478,558	1,573,560	1,578,340	3,775,470	641,366	779,020	689,819
Interest	508,483	465,409	374,479	390,971	111,633	94,751	87,534	28,974	29,847	15,238
Capital outlay	1,418,813	1,908,464	3,840,803	7,698,341	2,359,222	3,610,512	7,746,773	8,425,744	4,825,427	6,430,431
Total expenditures	22,429,286	25,934,503	25,006,426	36,338,518	25,906,392	30,047,827	37,542,029	36,749,352	43,768,492	35,116,608
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(109,032)	(2,504,789)	1,184,616	(9,572,777)	3,121,809	(1,845,137)	(6,139,129)	(2,681,752)	3,826,608	7,538,261
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,559
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	-	3,975,000	-	=	-	1,500,000	-	-
Proceeds from notes payable	=	=	=	=	Ē	≘	=	Ē	=	496,404
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	=	292,323	990,929	155,999	-	-
Transfers in	7,236,241	9,640,199	7,272,735	8,568,025	6,817,864	7,400,003	6,466,679	4,226,279	5,239,082	5,552,043
Transfers out	(3,999,990)	(6,027,718)	(5,446,160)	(5,616,944)	(4,098,281)	(4,219,003)	(4,828,679)	(3,422,178)	(3,702,565)	(4,672,562)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,236,251	3,612,481	1,826,575	6,926,081	2,719,583	3,473,323	2,628,929	2,460,100	1,536,517	1,432,444
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,127,219	\$ 1,107,692	\$ 3,011,191	\$ (2,646,696)	\$ 5,841,392	\$ 1,628,186	\$ (3,510,200)	\$ (221,652)	\$ 5,363,125	\$ 8,970,705
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	9.5%	14.0%	4.1%	24.0%	7.2%	6.3%	13.0%	2.4%	2.1%	2.5%

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CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Less: Tax Exempt Real Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value
2013	\$ 142,695,840	\$ 1,188,460	\$ 189,033,860	\$ 64,091,460	\$ 268,826,700	\$ 15	\$ 4,032,400,500
2014	146,270,400	1,188,460	195,105,420	67,346,480	275,217,800	15	4,128,267,000
2015	173,467,000	1,448,760	185,206,880	56,434,980	303,687,660	15	4,555,314,900
2016	188,693,940	1,246,280	201,141,240	64,329,960	326,751,500	15	4,901,272,500
2017	204,961,080	379,420	207,388,960	65,103,500	347,625,960	15	5,214,389,400
2018	227,170,100	1,190,460	217,138,040	69,413,140	376,085,460	15	5,641,281,900
2019	252,096,200	1,136,540	221,101,860	70,209,480	404,125,120	15	6,061,876,800
2020	268,746,300	1,136,540	237,638,580	77,087,260	430,434,160	15	6,456,512,400
2021	292,189,220	1,310,420	254,585,380	81,821,500	466,263,520	15	6,993,952,800
2022	334,297,780	1,265,580	297,929,700	91,809,500	541,683,560	15	8,125,253,400

Source: Baldwin County Revenue Commissioner

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Overlapping Rates

		Ci	ty		County State									Total	
				Total		Road/			Health Care	Total				Total	Direct and
Fiscal	General	School	Bond Tax	City	General	Bridge	Fire	School	Authority	County	General	School	Soldier	State	Overlapping
Year	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Rates
2013	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2014	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2015	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2016	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2017	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2018	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2019	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2020	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2021	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0
2022	5.0	5.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	2.5	1.5	12.0	0.5	21.5	2.5	3.0	1.0	6.5	43.0

Source: Baldwin County Commission

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2013

2022 2013 Percentage of Percentage of **Taxable Taxable** Assessed **Total Taxable** Assessed **Total Taxable** Value Value **Taxpayer** Rank Assessed Value Rank **Assessed Value** CX Retreat at Fairhope Village DST \$ \$ 8,822,740 1 1.6% 0.0% 2 Battles Road, LLC 6,848,120 1.3% 0.0% 2,007,120 3 Arbor Gates Holdings, LLC 3,742,000 0.7% 2 0.7% FST Wal-mart Stores East, LP 3,234,820 4 0.6% 0.0% 5 PSM Alabama Holdings, LLC 2,044,100 0.4% 0.0% FST Mississippi Baldwin Square, LLC 6 0.4% 1,544,460 5 0.6% 2,017,540 Fairhope Ridge, LLC 7 1,958,020 0.4% 0.0% A 1 Corte Jr. Family Limited Partnership 8 7 1,700,640 0.3% 1,252,380 0.5% FST Bethea, John W. 1,660,800 9 0.3% 0.0% 0.0% FST Robert N Graham, LLC 1,535,600 10 0.3% Fairhope, LLC 0.0% 1,558,820 4 0.6% 0.0% 8 CHS Properties, Inc. 1,205,740 0.4% Bellsouth Tele Communications, LLC 0.0% 10 1,085,300 0.4% 9 Health Care Reit, Inc. 0.0% 1,104,460 0.4% Point Clear Partners, LLC 0.0% 1,369,280 6 0.5% MediaCom Southeast, LLC 3 0.0% 1,639,700 0.6% Bayview II Developer, LLC 2,252,200 0.0% 1 0.8% 33,564,380 6.3% 15,019,460 5.5%

Source: Baldwin County Revenue Commissioner

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES CURRENT AND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Baldwin County	State of Alabama
2018	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
2019	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
2020	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
2021	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
2022	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%

Source: City Clerk's Office

The City implemented its first sales tax effective July 1, 2009.

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA PRINCIPAL SALES TAXPAYERS LAST TEN YEARS

_	Fiscal Year	_	25 Taxpayers oproximate)	 Total Tax	% of Total Tax
	2013	\$	2,641,175	\$ 5,437,863	49%
	2014		3,673,425	6,518,249	56%
	2015		3,624,562	6,733,115	54%
	2016		3,788,930	7,232,073	52%
	2017		4,059,864	7,865,989	52%
	2018		4,871,492	8,249,479	59%
	2019		4,450,078	8,723,465	51%
	2020		4,727,284	9,166,330	52%
	2021		5,315,798	10,579,090	50%
	2022		5,732,173	11,936,711	48%

Source: City Treasurer's Office and Alabama Department of Revenue

Note: State law prohibits the disclosure of tax information for specific taxpayers.

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			overnmental Activit	ties		Business-Ty	ype Activities			
		General				General	Utilities		Total	Percentage
	Fiscal	Obligation	Notes	Capital		Obligation	Revenue	Notes	Primary	of Personal
_	Year	Debt	Payable	Leases		Debt	Debt	Payable	Government	Income
	2013	\$ 12,682,152	\$ -	\$	- 5	\$ 209,680	\$ 21,636,094	\$ -	\$ 34,527,926	6.93%
	2014	9,789,376	-		-	5,904,220	20,571,057	- -	36,264,653	6.23%
	2015	9,307,360	-		-	4,743,000	16,574,669	-	30,625,029	4.87%
	2016	6,833,058	-		-	3,581,942	16,152,226	-	26,567,226	3.92%
	2017	5,259,498	-		-	2,420,502	14,842,522	-	22,522,522	3.18%
	2018	3,681,158	-	292,32	3	1,258,842	14,017,818	-	19,250,141	2.38%
	2019	-	-	1,188,94	0	-	13,168,115	-	14,357,055	1.57%
	2020	-	1,200,000	1,003,57	3	-	23,858,411	-	26,061,984	2.76%
	2021	-	900,000	524,55	3	-	11,300,000	-	12,724,553	1.36%
	2022	-	689,819	631,13	8	-	9,600,000	1,450,315	12,371,272	1.20%

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Debt	Avai	s: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	Total	Percentage of Net Taxable Sales	Liability Per Capita
2013	\$ 12,891,832	\$	339,308	\$ 12,552,524	2.52%	\$ 766
2014	15,693,596		357,156	15,336,440	2.64%	913
2015	14,050,360		348,720	13,701,640	2.18%	757
2016	10,415,000		516,120	9,898,880	1.46%	529
2017	7,680,000		527,858	7,152,142	1.01%	368
2018	4,940,000		541,587	4,398,413	0.54%	210
2019	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2020	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2021	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2022	-		-	-	0.00%	-

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA COMPUTATION OF OVERLAPPING DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	C	Outstanding Debt	Percentage of debt Applicable to the City of Fairhope (1)	to	Amount of debt Applicable the City of Fairhope
Direct debt of the City	\$	2,681,453	100.00%	\$	2,681,453
Overlapping Debt (Supported by ad valorem tax) Baldwin County		71,501,296	8.27% (1)		5,910,452
				\$	8,591,905

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of net assessed value of property in City (\$541,776,940) to net assessed value of property in Baldwin County (\$6,554,109,700) on October 1, 2022.

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year																	
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$	53,765,340	\$	55,043,560	\$	60,737,532	\$	65,350,300	\$	69,525,192	\$	75,223,856	\$	80,826,248	\$	86,102,724	\$ 93,281,460	\$ 108,355,388
Total net debt applicable to limit		12,924,616		15,724,616		14,079,616		10,415,000		7,680,000		4,265,804		1,188,940		2,203,573	1,424,553	2,681,453
Legal debt margin	\$	40,840,724	\$	39,318,944	\$	46,657,916	\$	54,935,300	\$	61,845,192	\$	70,958,052	\$	79,637,308	\$	83,899,151	\$ 91,856,907	\$ 105,673,935
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit		24.04%		28.57%		23.18%		15.94%		11.05%		5.67%		1.47%		2.56%	1.53%	2.47%
											Leg	gal Debt Margii	ı Cal	culation for Fis	cal Ye	ear 2022		
											Tot	al assessed value	e					\$ 541,776,940
												bt limit (20% of the bt applicable to l		assessed value)				\$ 108,355,388
												General obligation		rrants (including	capita	ıl leases)		2,681,453
												gal debt margin		(,		\$ 105,673,935

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Per Capita													
Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	P	ersonal ncome	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate								
2013	16,385	\$ 497,890,995	\$	30,387	4,526	6.1%								
2014	16,794	581,996,070		34,655	4,734	5.8%								
2015	18,089	628,773,640		34,760	4,995	5.4%								
2016	18,730	677,183,150		36,155	5,333	5.3%								
2017	19,421	708,905,342		36,502	5,416	4.7%								
2018	20,935	809,116,815		38,649	5,473	4.3%								
2019	22,085	911,690,885		41,281	5,528	3.8%								
2020	22,677	943,650,001		41,613	5,403	5.5%								
2021	22,477	935,335,401		41,613	5,537	3.0%								
2022	23,147	1,030,828,498		44,534	5,888	2.5%								

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau

Sperling's Best Places Website

State of Alabama Department of Industrial Relations

Eastern Shore Chamber of Commerce Baldwin County Board of Education

www.schooldigger.com

CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2013

		2022		-		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Thomas Hospital	1,256	1	13.4%	1,000	1	14.8%
Grand Hotel	800	2	8.5%	698	2	10.3%
Board of Education-Fairhope Schools	533	3	5.7%	-	-	0.0%
City of Fairhope	413	4	4.4%	330	3	4.9%
Wal-Mart	312	5	3.3%	325	4	4.8%
Publix	150	6	1.6%	100	5	1.5%
Segers Aero	143	7	1.5%	92	6	1.4%
Winn-Dixie	74	8	0.8%	75	7	1.1%
Bayshore Christian School	68	9	0.7%	-	-	0.0%
Piggly Wiggly	60	10	0.6%	60	10	0.9%
Print Xcel	-	-	0.0%	66	8	1.0%
Balloons Everywhere		-	0.0%	65	9	1.0%
	3,809		40.5%	2,811		41.7%

Sources: Eastern Shore Chamber of Commerce and State Department of Industrial Relations

Note: Total city employment number represents people residing in City of Fairhope that are employed (place of residence) rather than employment for City of Fairhope businesses

2013: 6,748 2022: 9,408

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CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,

	run-time Equivalent Employees as of September 50,									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
General Government	48	48	49	49	49	53	62	64	66	71
Public Safety:										
Police	48	46	46	45	49	52	59	59	61	66
Fire:										
Firefighters and Dispatch	17	18	17	14	15	16	14	17	17	13
Highways and Streets:										
Public Works	39	39	41	46	42	49	57	53	57	53
Sanitation	17	21	22	20	19	18	18	28	23	26
Cultural and Recreational:										
Recreation	24	23	25	26	29	32	31	34	35	34
Adult Recreation	9	10	11	12	11	11	13	12	13	10
Gas Department	17	15	15	15	16	18	21	22	21	22
Electric Department	17	22	21	19	19	22	20	26	26	26
Water/Waste Water Department	24	23	23	22	26	29	31	34	36	41
Golf Department	15	16	18	20	19	18	22	21	22	19
Total	275	281	288	288	294	318	348	370	377	381

Source: City of Fairhope Human Resources Department

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CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

					Fiscai	1 cai				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
										
Police:										
Physical arrests	759	750	1,423	983	1,350	1,542	1,538	1,462	866	1,047
Parking violations	22	49	121	240	359	89	22	52	202	75
Traffic violations	1,379	887	633	1,726	2,490	1,684	1,656	1,613	1,751	1,670
Fire:										
Number of calls answered	690	853	836	865	1,025	1,058	1,023	1,236	1,283	1,200
Inspections**	85	35	161	147	73	823	669	648	121	767
Highways and streets:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	-	-	-	13.2	-	1.2	2.2	3.3	3.4	4.7
Potholes repaired*	1,345	1,480	1,620	2,933	2,300	4,928	5,466	1,152	1,720	1,770
Sanitation:										
Garbage collected (tons/year)	7,564	8,509	8,236	8,654	9,222	9,554	10,108	11,949	12,042	15,286
Trash collected (tons/year)	5,513	6,292	5,545	5,902	8,228	7,189	7,741	6,907	4,256	4,565
Recyclables collected (tons/year)	1,512	1,714	1,779	1,855	1,843	1,835	1,803	947	824	1,286
Cultural and recreational:										
Golf course rounds @ 9 hole rounds	62,266	59,261	57,405	56,613	58,416	53,995	55,971	53,740	62,151	60,588
Pavilion/park parties	58	61	59	44	28	32	22	19	36	47
Waste water:										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(millions of gallons)	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.3

Sources: Various government departments

* The City changed the calculation method for potholes for fiscal year 2016 resulting in an increase.

** The Fire Inspector position was vacant for all of 2021.

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CITY OF FAIRHOPE, ALABAMA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

					1 iscai	ı caı				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
Public safety:										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	43	37	38	39	44	45	47	50	49	52
Fire stations	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highways and streets:										
Streets (miles)	99.1	103.84	106.54	108.64	111.14	112.64	114.76	116.56	152.56	161.08
Cultural and recreational:										
Parks acreage	248	356	504	504	504	504	657	657	657	657
Parks	51	52	54	54	54	54	56	56	56	56
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Tennis courts	6	6	6	12	12	12	16	16	16	16
Community center	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sewer:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	126	126	130	135	175	175	180	185	187	190
Storm sewers (miles)	17.25	19.17	20.57	22.77	25.77	27.29	29.5	30.73	31.41	32.22
Maximum daily treatment capacity										
(millions of gallons)	4	4	4	4.2	4	4	4	4	4	4

Sources: Various government departments